AN FRANCISCO.
Y SPAULDING
ng & Repairing
LISHMENT,
rmont st., n.e. be-
nt and Battery.
ANCISCO.
LDING'S PATENT FALSE TEETH
in circular saws.
in all its branches, such as Gum-
ning, Straightening, etc.
SAWS of all sizes; also Cross Cut, Mill,
Buck, Butcher, and Hand-saws of all
with a good assortment of Saw and
market rates.
ed PLANER KNIVES and MOULDING
always on hand, or made to order on
R. KNAPP, BURRELL & CO.,
erchants, Portland, Oregon, are my
d Agents for Oregon, Washington and
through them by telegraph or other-
lled at same rates as if sent to me di-
MEDICAL.
E UNFORTUNATE.
EDIES! NEW REMEDIES!
Gibbon's Dispensary,
623 KEARNEY STREET,
COR. COMMERCIAL,
San Francisco, Established in
1854, for the treatment of Sexual
and Seminal Diseases, such as
Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture,
Syphilis in all its forms, Seminal
Weakness, Impotency, Skin
Diseases (of years standing), Ac-
Ulcerated Legs successfully trea-
ted.
N has the pleasure of announcing that
ed from visiting the principal Hospi-
, and has returned practice at his fa-
Kearney street, corner of Commercial,
, where his old patients and those re-
vices may find him.
ing spared neither time nor money in
new remedies, and has returned with
dities for the alleviation of human
Horrible Diseases.
thousands of persons, both male
ons who are suffering out a miser-
the effects of secret indulgences,
scribed into the system! Look at the
ected and disfigured faces, and these
constitutions, disqualifying them for
of marriage or the enjoyment of do-
situation thousands suffer until death
me. Let parents, guardians, friends
who are suffering with any of
-destroying maladies see that they
cured before it be too late. Send them
to DR. GIBBON, a physician who has
devoted his especial study for years,
details to cure the most inveterate cases
, or any injurious drugs. It is im-
ons who are afflicted, or to those who
d in the welfare of their friends to
many pretended doctors who infest
flaunting their skill in curing all dis-
, imposing on the public by
sensational advertisements, from whom
Be therefore careful and make
ou may fall into the hands of
Seminal Weakness.
missions, the consequence of self-abuse,
vices, is the most prevalent venereal indulgence
the youth, of both sexes, of all classes
ctest, producing with unerring certain-
ding train of morbid symptoms, unless
scientific medical measures, viz.: Pal-
ance, dark specks and dimness of sight,
ghts in the ears, noise like the rushing
, pulsating of the arteries, sadness about
ddiness of the limbs, confused vision,
ness, loss of confidence, diffidence in
, nervousness, timidity, hesitancy, in-
disposition to shun society, loss of
ory, hurried, painful and various symp-
the face, tainted tongue, fetid breath,
mption, nightsweats, universal lassi-
, debility, relief of which cannot be had,
state, either in person or by letter, and
effected by his new and scientific mode
e, which never fails, if effected
ble. Dr. Gibbon will give Con-
ales to any person who will prove to
him that he was cured of this com-
der of the San Francisco quacks.
Married Men
o contemplate marriage, who are suffer-
y of these fearful maladies, should not
cred responsibility resting upon them-
obtain immediate relief.
N is responsible, and will give to each
ient, a legal written guarantee of a
al and permanent cure, or ma-
Cal. Art Hovse.
e advance made CURED AT
a letter to Dr. Gibbon, stating
ge. If the disease has or
ble promptly guarded, free from
ure, to any part of the country,
d plain directions for its cure,
in registered letter through the Post-
ph Wells, Fargo & Co.'s package of
will be forwarded to any part of the
ountry, strictly confidential.
ution to the Unfortunate.
f the San Francisco quacks and
, with bogus names or no address, and
Some of the self-styled doctors, who
to be found in the daily and weekly
of San Francisco and of great pre-
and become so large in size and
are fine white, shopkeepers, newspaper
ligence office-keepers, etc. The only
imposition is to make inquiry—it will
ing, and may save you many regret-
ising physicians from abroad, no
, there is no safety in trusting any of
ou know who and what they are. Do
not deceive people by exhibiting bogus
ates, or by purchasing diplomas, etc.,
self-styled persons who may call in his
bility to treat diseases that he proposes
J. F. GIBBON, 623 Kearney street, cor-
mal, San Francisco, Post-office Box 1957.
ER TO PUT BOX 1957 ON THE LET-
lications FREE.
pondents will please inform DR. GIB-
y readable advertisement in the city
1y6d4p
LEGAL NOTICES.
ITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—
f Oregon. Notice in Bankruptcy. In
Gustav Kohlberg, Bankrupt. Notice is
that a petition has been filed in said
Gustav Kohlberg, duly declared bank-
Act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for
and certificate thereof, from all his
bilities and other claims provable
, and that the twenty-sixth day of Feb-
for the hearing of the same before
Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, at his
said, in said District, when and where
may attend and show cause, if any they
prayer of said petition should not be
WILCOX,
Clerk of said Court.
ITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—
Oregon. Notice in Bankruptcy. In
H. Kellogg, bankrupt. Notice is here-
petition has been filed for a discharge
ellogg, duly declared bankrupt under
ress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge
thereof, from all his debts and liabil-
claims provable under said act, and
ith day of March, 1875, is assigned
of the same before L. H. Northup,
Bankruptcy, at his office in Port-
District, when and where any person
show cause, if any they have, why
d petition should not be granted.
R. WILCOX,
Clerk of said Court.
NOTICE.
NS HAVING CLAIMS AGAINST
of ISAAC A. DAVENPORT, M. D.,
reby required to present the same,
ed at their office, No. 72 First-street,
rtland, Oregon, within six months
reof.
HAMILTON BOYD,
H. S. DAVENPORT,
CHAS. E. SITTON,
Executors.
4, 1875. feb5dlmw6m
RICT COURT OF THE UNITED
District of Oregon. Notice of Ap-
ointment. District of Oregon, ss.
reue the 13th day of February, A.
dersigned hereby gives notice of
is Assignee of H. F. Guenser, within
ne and State of Oregon, who
has been adjudged a bankrupt on
, by the District Court of said Dis-
BYRON C. VAN HOUTEN,
Assignee

Morning Oregonian.

VOL. XV.—NO. 20. PORTLAND, OREGON: FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1875. PRICE—TEN CENTS.

EASTERN NEWS.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE OREGONIAN.

Reduction of Freight Charges.

NEW YORK, Feb. 25.—Deputy freight agents of three trunk lines running west have been notified of a reduction of rates on sugar and coffee to thirty cents a hundred pounds to Chicago, and other points in proportion, for car loads to one consignee. It is believed by merchants that it is merely the beginning of cutting down rates.

A Factory Burned.

NEW YORK, Feb. 25.—Rugg & Co.'s edge tool factory, Westchester, Conn., burned. Loss, $50,000.

Local Option in Pennsylvania.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 25.—The local option bill passed the House last night.

The Mississippi Troubles.

CHICAGO, Feb. 25.—The *Inter Ocean's* Washington special says Hurlburt yesterday submitted the report of the Mississippi investigation committee to his Republican colleagues. It treats fully of the seizure of the Sheriff's office in Vicksburg, and the ensuing troubles, and ridicules the idea of calling the encounters near Vicksburg between whites and blacks battles, saying the killing of negroes was nothing but a massacre. It concludes by recommending the passage of the caucus force bill and granting the action of the President in sending troops to Vicksburg, upon the requisition of Gov. Ames. The committee took no action upon the report.

The Western Railway War.

CHICAGO, Feb. 25.—The *Tribune* this morning says at the election of directors of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy railroad yesterday that it was the general opinion among those present that the fight which terminated in such dissension last July had only just begun and that the present management of both C., B. and L. and Michigan Central, now controlled by Jay, will be shortly changed. It is estimated that Jay, will be shortly changed. It is estimated that J. W. Brooks, of the house of Boston india, will be elected President of both roads, and C. E. Perkins, son-in-law of John M. Forbes, will be made general manager of both roads, while Robert Harris, superintendent of C. B. & Q., will be retained in the capacity, as will be also strong, superintendent of the Michigan Central. Parties who were defeated in the election yesterday say all charges made against them are unfounded and were trumped up merely for the purpose of ousting Westerners who have made the roads what they are and getting them into the control of Boston capitalists who had only invested in the enterprise after it was a success. Mr. Jay, before adjournment of the meeting, made a brief speech to the stockholders, which was simply a plea east for well address.

What will Cameron do

CHICAGO, Feb. 25.—A special from LaCrosse, the home of Angus Cameron, the newly elected Senator from Wisconsin, says it is understood there he will not go into a Republican caucus, but will act with the Independents.

Notable Death.

CHICAGO, Feb. 25.—George P. Plant, a well known miller and one of the oldest citizens of St. Louis, died yesterday.

An Interesting Legal Question—Reprieved.

AUGUSTA, Maine, Feb. 25.—An injunction having been granted against executing Gordon and Wagner, the Isle Shoals murderers, on the ground of the unconstitutionality of the law requiring the governor to fix the date of their execution, the governor has reprieved both men for four weeks.

The Conservative Caucus Fails to Reconsider.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 25.—An effort in the Conservative caucus to reconsider the vote of yesterday accepting the Wheeler compromise, failed. Speaker Wiltz entered a protest against Conservatives returning to the hall of the House from which they were driven at the bayonets, until they can do so without substitution or any concession whatever. About thirty members afterwards signed Wiltz' protest, adopting its sentiments.

Some Bogus Workingmen in Mischief.

CHICAGO, Feb. 25.—Ever since last November, a number of malcontents, almost wholly composed of foreigners, calling themselves work-ingmen, but generally styled communists, have created more or less disturbance in regard to the workings of the relief and society which has charge of distributing the fund for the poor. Some of the leaders of the gang, the people claiming that there is dishonesty in the management, and demanding a voice in regard to the manner of relief distribution. Recently the leaders of these lawless, which number perhaps 500 persons, have renewed the agitation, at a meeting last night they adopted a resolution reciting various alleged short-comings of the relief and aid society, and insisting on a compliance with certain demands of the meeting. A committee was appointed to wait upon the officers of the relief and society with these resolutions, and to demand examination of the books of the society. All persons were requested to come to the hall of the society at 2 P. M. to hear the report of the committee. A immense crowd of curious people are now gathered in the vicinity of the relief office, corner Lake and Lasalle streets, and a large body of police is stationed around the building, but so far there is no violent demonstration, and no reason to suppose there will be.

The crowd around the office of the relief and aid society became so great that the police were ordered to disperse them, which they proceeded to do. Most of the spectators moved off peaceably, but one or two unruly men were arrested and taken to the station-house.

At this time, 3 P. M., the crowd is almost entirely dispersed.

The communistic committee, being informed by the mayor and police superintendent that no demonstration whatever would be permitted in the vicinity of the relief society's office, concluded to forego their proposed visit.

Steamer Ashore.

NEW YORK, Feb. 25.—The steamship *Queen*, from Liverpool, is ashore at Squaw beach.

Shipping.

NEW YORK, Feb. 25.—The *City of Tokio* sailed from Panama for San Francisco Feb. 24th.

The steamship *Granada* arrived at Panama from San Francisco via Acapulco Feb. 24th.

The steamship *Japan* arrived at Aspinwall from New York, Feb. 24th.

Suspension of Sugar Refiners.

NEW YORK, Feb. 25.—Wheatley Williams & Co., sugar refiners, suspended this morning.

THE TILTON-BEECHER CASE.

Tracy Continues His Statement of the Case.

NEW YORK, Feb. 25.—This morning Tracy continued his opening address for the defense. He said the charge in the case was adultery, and the burden of the proof rested with the prosecution. It was not for defendants to prove innocence but for the other side to prove guilt. He declared that the slightest evidence of guilt had not been produced. He referred to the witness, Kate Carey, as a woman reeking from dens of pollution, and ridiculed her testimony. He alluded to contradictions of to the testimony of Mrs. Tilton's brother. He would ask the jury that if witnesses for the prosecution were not to be believed, and that they had the strongest motives for fastening guilt on the defendant. The case stood on Moulton and Tilton. The latter's defence, which is relied upon to prove the offense. There was testimony of oral confession, but that came only from one family—that of Moulton. He would exclude from this family Theodore Tilton. The evidence of confession by Elizabeth came from Moulton, his wife and Tilton. There was another man whom the prosecution omitted to call because they were afraid his testimony would be blasted.

At this point ex-Judge Porter, of counsel for the defendant, read a variety of legal authorities bearing on the importance or value of oral confessions to evidence.

Tracy then returned to the subject of Tilton's interview with Bowen, when the latter suggested and the former wrote and sent by Bowen a demand to Beecher to resign and leave Brooklyn, and said Bowen had no collusion with Tilton in a note from Beecher, if he could do so safely; and after delivering the letter, to Beecher and making sure that Tilton and Beecher couldn't unite against him, he threatened to discharge Tilton and then told him if he ever made public the stories he spread against Beecher, he would cashier him. This, said counsel, was conspiracy by Tilton and Bowen against Beecher, but from which Bowen had slipped out. This, gentlemen, was done in this way: business, so much lying for so much money in dollars and cents.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

Bank of England.

LONDON, Feb. 25.—Bullion in the bank of England has increased £30,000. The proportion of bank reserves to liabilities is 43½ per cent.

Bank of France.

PARIS, Feb. 25.—The specie bank of France increased ten million franc the past week.

The French Assembly.

PARIS, Feb. 25.—In the Assembly to-day the bill for the organization of the public powers passed by a vote of 435 to 262.

The French Cabinet.

PARIS, Feb. 25.—It is reported Gen. de Cissey, vice president of council and minister of war, Duke Decazes, minister of foreign affairs; Caillaux, minister of public works; Grivart, minister of agriculture and commerce, with DeMahuiagal, minister of marine and that of the colonies, will remain in the cabinet in the positions they now occupy, and that Duke De Audiffret Pasquier will become minister of the interior; Leon Say, minister of finance; Matthew Bodet, minister of justice, and Wallot, minister of public instruction.

Steamer Disabled.

LONDON, Feb. 25.—The steamship line R. *Schiffen*, from Emmerich for New York, returned to Plymouth with her propeller disabled. The steamship *Vaterland*, from Germany, has arrived.

The Salem *Record* says two sheep-killing dogs near Shedd came to grief last week.

WASHINGTON CITY.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—9 A. M.—House still in session.

The New Tax bill before Senate Committee.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—The Senate finance committee had a special meeting to-day on the new tax bill. Casey, Bristow and Commissioner Douglas were present and furnished the committee detailed information concerning the probable working of the various provisions of the bill. No action was taken, but indications from discussion are that the majority of the committee will recommend the passage of the bill exactly, or at least substantially, as it comes from the House.

CONGRESSIONAL.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—Ramsey presented the credentials of Samuel J. R. McMillan, U. S. Senator from Minnesota, from March 4th. Read and placed on file.

Windom called up the resolutions submitted by him on the 2d instant instructing the committee on commerce on the river and harbor appropriation bill to report such sums as, in their judgment, can be judiciously expended in the improvement of western water courses, as recommended by the special committee on transportation. Windom argued that all those improvements were necessary and would repay the Government an hundred fold. Pending the discussion, the morning hour expired and the resolution went over as unfinished business.

The bill to regulate counting the Presidential vote came up. Pratt moved to lay the bill aside informally and take up the bill to restore to the roll of pensioners of the war of 1812 the names stricken therefrom on account of disloyalty.

Discussion ensued, during which Edmunds announced that if the regular order was broken into in this way he should consider himself relieved of all responsibility in regard to the civil rights bill. The Senate, by a vote of yeas 29, nays 34, rejected Pratt's motion and the pending bill was proceeded with.

Thurman moved to amend so as to provide for the appointment of two citizens on the part of the Senate instead of one. Agreed to.

He also moved to amend so as to provide that certificates of electoral votes shall be opened, presented and acted upon in alphabetical order of the names of States, beginning with A. Agreed to.

Several other amendments, mostly merely verbal, were agreed to.

A long discussion ensued upon the general provisions of the bill. At 5 P. M. Morton said to test the sense of the Senate he would move a recess till 7:30 P. M. with the understanding that the bill should be finished to night.

Edmunds said when this bill was disposed of he proposed to move to take up the civil rights bill, and suggested a programme for its consideration. If the bill, which would close the debate at 5 P. M. to-morrow.

Thurman objected to agreeing to any such arrangement. He hoped when the present bill was finished that the Senate would go up, like the steamboat bill, otherwise it would be lost.

Edmunds said there was nothing left but for the Senate to go on and do the business before it.

Morton withdrew his motion for a recess and the discussion of the bill continued, Merriman speaking in opposition to it.

House.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—The House is still in session and precisely where it was at 9 o'clock this morning, so far as business is concerned. Most of the members are completely worn out, and a number of them are stretched on sofas in the cloak room and around the chambers. The clerk is calling the roll in a dreamy tone. Butler, of Massachusetts, is leader on the Republican side, but while the roll was being called his chief lieutenant took the place, rallying and strengthening his forces. The Opposition was led by Randall seconded by Speer. The speaker has occupied the chair throughout the session, deciding promptly the many different points, constantly arising.

NOON.—At this hour the House seems no nearer out of its difficulty than at midnight. All the night session was consumed in getting round in a vicious circle. When the question was put the House held now consider the caucus force bill came to be voted on, the Democrats refrained from voting, and as Republicans could not get up to the half a full majority from their own ranks, a call of the House would follow; and so on in the monotonous round throughout the night and so much of the day. Still, notwithstanding the disgust of party leaders, there was no exhibition of ill temper by yesterday, the 11 o'clock Democratic member moved an adjournment.

A point of order was made that this was a dilatory motion, but the Speaker ruled it was not, and the vote resulted, yeas 95, nays 121.

Hereford offered a resolution, the Senate concurring, that the House adjourn to the 1st of March. The Speaker decided it out of order and refused to entertain an appeal from his decision. Pending the motion to suspend the rules made by Cessna, only two motions could be entertained: a motion to adjourn, and a motion to adjourn to a fixed date.

Eldridge moved to adjourn till Saturday, and the yeas and nays were ordered. The result of the call was, yeas 81, nays 174.

Coburn then moved to take up the force bill, upon which Eldridge raised a question of consideration (?), and demanded the yeas and nays which were ordered. The vote stood, yeas 170, nays 80.

Eldridge then moved to reconsider the vote, by which the House agreed to consider the force bill, and demanded the yeas and nays, which were ordered and taken.

Eldridge's motion was defeated—yeas 85, nays 164—and the bill was then taken up and read.

Niblack made a point of order that as the bill provided for the creation of a new office it should be considered in committee of the whole.

The Speaker refused to entertain the point, and Niblack appealed.

Conger moved to lay the appeal on the table. Carried by 142 to 56.

Coburn, at 4 P. M., rose to open the debate, but said on account of the lateness of the hour and weariness of members he would yield to have some amendments offered.

Amendments were then run on suggested by Messrs. Cannon, Hawley (of Illinois) and A. R. Hoar.

Hoar's amendments were to strike out the first, second and third sections, and Cason's, to strike out the 33d.

The House then adjourned.

A Washington letter gives this synopsis of the bill agreed upon by the caucus Republicans, for the preservation of order in the South:

First, re-enactment of the fourth section of the Ku-klux act, which authorizes a suspension of the writ of habeas corpus by the President in certain cases. The section gives the President full power to use the army and navy to suppress disorder and maintain peace; second, the appointment of deputy marshals, and Supervisors of elections, with full power to conduct elections, count the ballots, certify the returns, and arrest persons who may attempt to intimidate voters or otherwise unlawfully interfere with the conduct of the election; third, requiring the ballots to be counted by the election officers on the night following the day of election, at the place at which the polling takes places, and before the officers shall separate, under severe penalties; fourth, providing for full and fair registration of legal voters under regulations prescribed, and making it unlawful for any of the reconstructed States to impose excessive poll taxes and require the payment thereof as a qualification for voters at any election at which members of Congress are to be chosen; fifth, declaring the exhibition or use of deadly weapons on days of registration and election for the purpose of intimidation or violence a criminal offense, punishable by fine and imprisonment at the discretion of the court. The Republicans of the Senate have been called to meet again in caucus at 11 o'clock to-morrow morning.

THE COLORED PEOPLE.

MEETING IN CINCINNATI ON THE CONDITION OF COLORED PEOPLE OF THE SOUTH.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 10.—The colored people of this city held a meeting in the Zion Baptist Church to-night to consider the condition of the colored people in the South. Able speeches were made by Peter H. Clark, Col. Robert Harlan, D. W. Bell and others. A preamble and resolutions were adopted. The resolutions recite that a condition of lawlessness and violence exists in Louisiana, and other parts of the South, which seems to spring chiefly from a prejudice against the freedmen, and is calculated to do great injury to the whole country, and if continued may involve the country in another civil war. They approve all lawful efforts to maintain peace and preserve the lives, property, and rights of the people. They call upon all good citizens, North and South, to assist in the maintenance of peace and order, and they offer sympathy to their suffering fellow-citizens in the South, exhorting them to endure even unto death, abstaining from violence or any vindictive retaliation, relying on the right and justice of the American people, which, though tardy, is sure.

The Dallas Amateur Dramatic Association gave an entertainment last Saturday evening that was very successful in all respects. The talent displayed was good.

PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

CALIFORNIA.

San Francisco Stock Market.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 25.—Ophir 70, Mexican 22, G & C 17, B & B 46, Savage 103, Challar 58, H & N 42, C Point 28, Jacket 73, Imperial 8, Empire Mill 63, Kentuck 14, Alpha 10, G H Quartz 31, Belcher 35, Confidence 10, Con Virginia 440, S. Nevada 101, California 340, Raney 14, Overman 47, Justice 90, Succor 12, Eddy Bryan 5½, Union Con 61, Julia 3, Caledonia 18½, Knickerbocker 4, Globe 1, Baltimore 61, Utah 5, Bullion 20, S Hill 7, Dayton 21, Eclipse 6, New York 22, Phil Sheridan 5, Am. Flat 44.

EVENING BOARD.—M Valley 63, R & E 32½, Con Con 15½, Washington & C 60, Belmont 7, Newark 406, Rye Patch 32, Eldorado South 1, Prussian 83, Webfoot 1, Mansfield 84, G Chariot 41, Ellmore 21, Mahogany 84, South Chariot 2, Silver Cord 22, Woodville 35, Indus 11, Lady Washington 12, Kosuth 32, O C Hill 21, Aldes 7, Omega 35, Pacific 1, Wells Fargo 95, North Carson 73, Niagara 1, Cosmopolitan 2, Leviathan 11, South South Justice 5.

Great Sale of Lands.

LOS ANGELES, Feb. 25.—The second day's sale of the Artesia tract aggregated $20,000, an average of $43 per acre. The Anaheim train carried an extra coach to accommodate purchasers. The tract lies just south of Norwalk station and comprises 3,500 acres. The two days' sale amount to $51,000, larger than the first day. The sales close to-morrow. The division of large ranches into small farms to meet the largely increasing immigration by success of the Centinella and Artesia ranches will lead to further more extensive segregation and sale of large ranches for settlement.

Railroad Accident—Contracts Let.

LOS ANGELES, Feb. 25.—A part of a train ran off the track at the depot this morning; slight damage.

Mr. Thos. R. Bard, of San Buenaventura, yesterday closed the contract to build the Los Angeles and Independence railroad wharf at Santa Monica and will proceed by stage to San Francisco this evening. The work will be performed by Mr. Salisbury, an experienced wharf builder, who constructed the Huenemo, San Buenaventura and Santa Barbara wharves. The present contract will carry the wharf out 1,500 feet and into about 26 feet of water. Timber and piles are now on the way here in schooners and will arrive in a few days.

F. F. F. Temple, banker of this city, has decided to erect a fine theater on Spring street.

ARIZONA.

Arrest of Border Confirmed.

FLORENCE, Feb. 25.—The town arrested here for old John Bader, is him sure, and no mistake this time.

Gen. Crook Carrying out His Peace Policy.

PRESCOTT, Feb. 25.—A dispatch just received at Gen. Crook's headquarters, says Muj. Ogelly made a clean sweep of the country between the Mogodons and the Little Colorado, killing 15 bucks and capturing 28 prisoners. Among the Indians killed were the one one who shot Lieut. King, and also the one who killed the Santa Fe mail rider last fall. Gen. Crook has been trying to get these renegades for some time.

A Long Small Boat Voydge—Cattle for San Francisco.

YUMA, Feb. 25.—Col. C. Darrois, of San Francisco, arrived here to-day from Hardyville, having come the entire distance, nearly 500 miles, in a small boat in five days.

Wardwell's drove of 1,000 head of cattle, en route to California, were successfully ferried over Colorado river here to-day.

UTAH.

Stealing from a Dead Man.

SALT LAKE, Feb. 25.—Chas. Williamson and John Smith were each sentenced to seven years for stealing a note from a dead man.

Given His Choice of Deaths.

SALT LAKE, Feb. 25.—Philip Shafer, for the murder of Van Valkenburg near Sandy, about a year ago, was given the choice of being shot, hanged or guillotined, as provided by law. Expressing no preference he was sentenced to be hanged June 25th.

BY STATE TELEGRAPH.

Galice Creek Excitement.

JACKSONVILLE, Feb. 25.—The Galice creek mines are still creating much excitement in this county.

Daily Mail Wanted to Yank's Ledge.

A petition has been sent to the senators from Oregon, urging the establishment of a daily mail to the Yank ledge, and steps are being taken to push a road to the mines at once.

Rich Discovery of Cinnabar.

Another large deposit of cinnabar was discovered within three miles of the Hodges lead this week, that bids fair to rival the New Almaden in extent and richness. Splendid cinnabar has been struck in the Griffin creek lead, a few miles from here, at a depth of five feet. The mountains are full of prospectors and new discoveries are being made every few days.

THE TERRITORIES.

Colorado has appropriated $80,000 for the Centennial.

The sleighing in Northern Utah and Southern Idaho is about over for the season.

Leroy Smith was arrested at Olympia a few days ago on a charge of larceny at Seattle.

The Guaymas (Mexico) and Tucson (Arizona) railroad enterprise is now regarded as assured of success. Surveys will be commenced soon after the 1st of April.

A gold-bearing lode has been discovered 30 miles east of Maricopa Wells, Arizona. It is reported to be equal, if not better, than the old Vulture mine, and easier of access.

William K. Robinson was killed on the 16th in Logan Canyon, Utah, by a log rolling down on him. Geo. T. Robinson, who was with him at the time, sustained severe injuries from the same cause, and is not expected to recover.

John Early, the celebrated stock man of Idaho, left Louisville, Kentucky, on the 26th ult. with six head of horses and three of cattle, they all being of the finest blood he could purchase in the "blue grass region." He will bring them to Idaho Territory.

The Salt Lake *Tribune* says: The priestly clan who run the Utah legislature anticipate having the St. George Temple completed in time to hold their session there next winter. Tilley will meet in Salt Lake, declare St. George the future capital of Zion, and then adjourn to that place.

On last Monday Gov. Perry, of Washington Territory, granted a full pardon to William Kirkland, who was sentenced to hard labor in the penitentiary for a term of ten years. He was tried and convicted of manslaughter at the November term of court, at Olympia, in 1872. A petition, signed by 480 citizens, among whom were six of the jurors who tried the case, was presented to the governor, praying for the pardon of Kirkland.

The Olympia *Echo* says: "Articles of incorporation were filed in the secretary's office on the 23d of February by the Hwaco Steam Navigation Company. Capital stock, $25,000. The object of the company is to build and complete a steamboat or steamboats, or other vessels, or for the purchase or sale of any craft the company may desire; and also for the purpose of carrying passengers and freight and towing, or any legitimate business usual in the line of steamboating in the navigation of the waters of the Columbia river or elsewhere. The parties having the articles filed are L. A. Loomis, John Crellin, John Wood, Isaac Z. Doane and Geo. Johnson. The principal place of business of said company is at Oysterville, W. T."

An election for chief and assistant for the Oregon City Fire Department takes place next Monday. Messrs. John Myers and George A. Harding have been placed in the field for chief, and J. L. Barlow is the only candidate thus far announced for assistant.

THE WITNESS, WEST.

Mr. Tilton has been one of three important witnesses in this case up to the present time. The first was Frank Moulton; the second Mr. West, formerly prominent in Plymouth church. These are all three young men, West somewhat junior of the other two. West was something of a mutual friend, like Moulton—that is, his admiration for his pastor and his devotion to religious principles led him to take a middle ground and be vindicated from the prevailing aspersions. He declined to take Mr. Beecher's judgment in a matter of morals and insisted that Theodore Tilton be disciplined, much against Mr. Beecher's desire. He therefore made a series of charges against Tilton, which would have put the latter out of the jurisdiction of the church but for his personal appearance where, meeting Mr. Beecher face to face, Tilton was exonerated or acquitted and the whole matter quashed. It is said that after this, Beecher looked askant at West as being too officious, and that the latter had grown lukewarm in the church. Mr. West attested by his appearance his modesty and conscientiousness. His action led to one important feature in the case—namely, the refusal of the church to complete an inquiry into Mr. Beecher's behavior at his own request. Unfathomable mystery overhangs all this portion of the case. The long secret whatever it was, which gave the defendant so much anguish, lies back in the ecclesiastical records and traditions of Brooklyn, like the secret behind the mass in the iron mask. The archives of Plymouth church have been called for in this trial by the plaintiff on the allegation that they were mutilated to make allowing for Beecher's innocence, but the defense has all along replied that these records, not being their property, must be obtained at the expense and by the labor of the plaintiff. Perhaps never till the hereafter, when Storrs, Buddington, Bacon and others, write their memoirs, shall it be known what ministerial intrigues were necessary to this trial. There is a belief among some clear-headed folks of Brooklyn that the plaintiff (Tilton) operated for some time, through other ministers, to bring Mr. Beecher to the bar, and that they procured Dr. Bacon to preside at a trial of Plymouth church and pastor; that Bacon was captured by Mr. Beecher, his age and temper being now ductile and on the decline, and encouraged to take a fitting instant to vindicate Mr. Beecher in order that the latter might get the laugh on his inquisitors. To make it short, some Brooklynites say Storrs, Buddington and others present for Dr. Bacon to preside at an ecclesiastical council of their own getting, that Beecher asked Plymouth church to bluff the organized world beside, but the nation's centennial birthday, or else that we can and will make a creditable display of our native resources, material wealth, and the educational, political and social progress we have made as a part of the American people.

A. J. DUFUR,
Commissioner Alternate for Oregon.

PORTLAND, Feb. 25, 1875.

LEFT RED AND BOARD.

The San Jose *Patriot* has an advertisement and an answer which, being copied into the *Bulletin*, we clip from that paper:

THE ADVERTISEMENT.

NOTICE.—All persons are hereby warned not to trust Mary E. Aborns (my wife), as she has left my bed and board without just cause or provocation, and I will not pay any bills contracted by her from and after this date.

JOHN ABORNS.

SAN JOSE, Feb. 1, 1875.

THE ANSWER.

The above notice appears now daily in the San Jose *Daily Patriot*.

Why am I thus published to the world? And what human being on earth has the right to do it?

Let us look at the facts: I have been the wife of John Aborns for about ten years and lived with him during the whole of that time in the prime of my life. That makes 3,650 days. During that time I have cooked about ten thousand meals of victuals, set the table as often and cleared it off and washed the dishes. During that ten years I have spent between 10,000 and 15,000 hours over a hot cooking stove, both in summer and winter. I have cleaned up and swept his house for him over 10,000 times. During that time I have borne to him six children, five of them now living, the youngest two and a half years old. Besides the pains and anxieties incident to childbirth (which every mother knows), what steps, cares and troubles (to say nothing of sickness and anxious thoughts for my children) it has cost me to bring them up it is impossible for me to say. Every mother knows it better than she can possibly tell it. In addition to this I have made all their clothing (besides my own), and during that time I have made clothing for others for money, which cost me a community "fund," that is, as I understood it, all the property made by husband and wife is community property, but, in reality, belongs to the husband, and it is called in law "community property," to take off the sharp edge of injustice. More than that during those ten years I have milked, on an average, three cows twice a day, which will make about 11,000 milkings, besides taking care of the milk and making butter from it. I have, during the whole of that time, attended to the poultry, and often have assisted Mr. Aborns in loading hay, sewing sacks and cleaning out his stables.

Now, I have drawn the picture very mildly. I have made allowances for my sickness, when I have had help, something after the way that a farmer would hire a horse if his own was sick and unable to work.

I had nothing when I went there and nothing at the end of those ten years of servitude. I had lived, it is true, and was very moderately furnished with clothing. This all for my labor. What cost is there in the world that could have done the work I have done for the same compensation?

I make this statement, not out of any feeling of revenge to Mr. Aborns, for he has done only what hundreds of others have done. In many respects he is a good man; industrious, and like hundreds—yes, thousands—of others, honest with every body except his own family.

I choose to live with him no longer; my reasons are my own).

And I say again, what right has he to impair my credit by publishing me? In the name of all that is just I solemnly protest against it.

MARY E. ABORNS.

DISCOVERY OF A LOST PLANT.—A short time ago we cited a number of instances wherein the vitality of seeds had been preserved for a long period of years. There has lately come to light a fresh case, which will rank among the most curious on record. The mines of Laurium, in Greece, which were worked about 1,500 years ago, are, in a great measure, composed of scoria, or the refuse of ancient mines, which still yields a high percentage of silver. In clearing away a mass of this refuse, a quantity of seeds were discovered, which must have been buried for at least fifteen centuries. Restored to conditions favorable for germination to the heat of the sun and contact with the air, the seeds gave signs of life, burst their buds and sent down roots in the earth and threw up stems into the light. When these last had budded and blossomed, to a lost specie of the genus *Glaucium* (horned poppy) of the order *Papaveracea* was revealed. Pliny and Dioscorides frequently describe the flower in their writings with great particularity, as its golden corolla is very beautiful; but has hitherto been unknown in modern science. Now the plant which had disappeared from the face of the globe for 1,500 years or more is resuscitated by a strange and happy accident.

A new brick building, two stories high, will be erected in Dallas next season.

CENTENNIAL.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

Permit me to again call the attention of such of our citizens and periodicals as take an interest in having Oregon fill a creditable position among her sister States at the coming exposition of 1876, to the importance of obtaining reliable data and preparing voluntary contributions of information, to be condensed and compiled for what is termed the historical department of the several States. This department will comprise a condensed statement of dates, names and place; of Territorial, municipal and governmental organizations of early settlers for mutual protection; with the final result and progress made up to the present time; the establishing of the first school; with the progress of our educational and literary institutions, and the working of our present free school system; the organization of the various religious societies and Sabbath schools, together with their growth, and their civil and political influence on the progress of our State. Secret benevolent organizations, with their moral, social and beneficial effects, and the progress they have made up to the present time. In fine, a condensed statement of our social, religious, educational, civil and political progress since the first white settlements were made within our territory. This information can only be obtained by the voluntary contributions and assistance of those of our citizens whose life has been identified with the early settlement of our State, and of those persons whose professional duties and business occupation, has rendered them familiar with the early history and present condition of such institutions. Will those of our citizens whose knowledge, educational and professional ability renders them competent and makes it a duty they owe to our State, assist in organizing a plan which shall make this important work a final success.

The annual meeting of the Oregon Pioneer Historical Association, held at Astoria on the 22d and 23d of this month, adjourned to meet in Portland, on the 16th of March next, for the purpose, among other things, of devising and systematizing a plan for carrying forward this work. The State Board of Centennial Commissioners will be called to meet at the same time and place, when we hope to see a large gathering of the liberal minded and public spirited citizens from all parts of our State, and especially from our own city, who, we hope, will either decide that there is not sufficient importance to appear before the civilized world beside their sister States in the historical department of our nation's centennial birthday, or else that we can and will make a creditable display of our native resources, material wealth, and the educational, political and social progress we have made as a part of the American people.

A. J. DUFUR,
Commissioner Alternate for Oregon.

PORTLAND, Feb. 25, 1875.

OREGON.

Gov. Grover has re-appointed George Wetmore Colles, of New York city, commissioner of deeds.

James Coon, living near Peoria, had 700 sheep in Ochoco when the cold weather set in—he has 140 left.

The I. O. G. T.'s held a festival at Halsey Monday, February 22d. Rev. C. W. Shaw, of Salem, gave the oration.

A $200 horse belonging to Tupper & McDonald, of Salem, succumbed to a bad spell of the colic last Wednesday.

James Tweddle, of Cove, Union county, had one of his feet so badly frozen that a portion of it had to be amputated recently.

Judge Chenoweth will address the railroad meeting at Shedd Thursday, in favor of the Willamette Valley and Coast Railroad.

John Waymire has sold his flouring mill at Dallas for $7,000, and the purchasers propose to go to work and make a first-class mill out of it.

A wolf hunt took place in the neighborhood of William Porter's, Marion county, last week, and resulted in the capture of three of the varmints.

Campbell & Wilks, of Dallas, have purchased a water-power at Wagoire, and intend to build a factory for making furniture, sash, blinds, etc.

The Alden Fruit Drying Company, of Oregon City, have purchased the ground, and have the plans for their buildings ready drawn, and are prepared to receive bids for putting up their works.

Wasco county signalized the re-opening of navigation between the upper and lower Columbia by a shipment of $3,800 coin to the State Treasurer, as a part of her State tax. It was received at Salem Wednesday.

Rev. Mr. Starr, of Oregon City, forwarded last Monday the sum of $50 for the Nebraska destitute, collected from the citizens and contributions taken up in the M. E. Church. This is pretty good for Oregon City.

On the 19th inst., the mercury at Baker City indicated a temperature of 47° above zero, the warmest for a long time. The average for the week ending the 19th was 27.1 degrees; average for corresponding week last year, 22.8 degr

The Daily Oregonian.

FRIDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 26, 1875.

THAT DOCTORED DISPATCH.

When the telegram came to the OREGONIAN announcing the refusal of the Senate to pass to its third reading the bill to aid in building the Portland, Dalles and Salt Lake railway, the *Bulletin* intimated that the dispatch had been "doctored" by the OREGONIAN in order to lay the foundation of a presumption that Oregon's Senators were absent when the vote was taken, the only two votes for the bill being those of Cameron and Flanagan. At that time we took no further notice of the *Bulletin's* ill-natured comments than to show up a ridiculous blunder into which that paper was led in connection with the matter by the malice that inspires all its utterances in relation to the OREGONIAN. We do not refer to the matter at this time with any feeling, for we care little what the *Bulletin* may say about us when its animus is so plain as, to neutralize its untruths; but it is proper to exhibit the unscrupulous conduct of that paper and its unreliability upon questions of fact, by calling attention to the fact that the same telegram we published—and which was evidently a true statement of fact—was received from the East by the Idaho papers, and the absence of our Senators was commented upon. The Idaho *Statesman* of the 18th, referring to the dispatch, said:

This bill came up for a third reading in the Senate on the 13th inst., and a vote being taken, only two Senators voted in favor—Simon Cameron, of Pennsylvania, and J. W. Flanagan of Texas; while 26 voted against allowing the bill to be read a third time. This, of course, defeats the bill beyond possible resurrection in this Congress. We would naturally expect to see Mitchell and Kelly of Oregon, voting in favor of a third reading, as they have both earnestly supported the bill from the first, and must have known the objection to a third reading was a final defeat of the measure. The fate of the bill, however, has been well known for some time, and it is altogether probable the third reading was reached in their absence, as only 28 Senators voted.

We shall not characterize the course of the *Bulletin* in this case as deliberately untruthful, but if it is not so, it is at least *recklessly* untruthful. And this is but a single instance, and a comparatively insignificant one too, of the recklessness which has distinguished that paper for some time past. Scarcely a week passes that it is not convicted upon unimpeachable evidence of some attempt to forward its fortunes by conduct that is a reproach to journalism.

After the foregoing was in type the *Congressional Record* of February 13th came to hand, in which are recorded the proceedings referred to in the telegram which the *Bulletin* accused us of "doctoring;" and this official record of the vote proves that our dispatch was correct in stating that only Cameron and Flanagan voted in favor of the measure, and further that *our inference of the absence of both of Oregon's Senators was also correct.* The list of absentees at the time the vote was taken is given in the *Record*, and *in that list appear the names of both "Kelly" and "Mitchell."*

We shall see now whether the *Bulletin* will have the candor to make the retraction which the truth demands, and also whether the Corvallis *Gazette* and the other country papers that copied the ring organ's falsehood, will make the required retraction.

PRESS NOTES ON THE ARKANSAS MESSAGE.

Our readers have already been presented with the remarks of the Chicago *Tribune* and New York *Times* on the Arkansas message, both to the same effect, and both criticising the message as uncalled for and as proposing or indicating a course not sanctioned by law. We present now a few brief notes from several other Republican papers, which we find, along with a large number of Democratic expressions, in the New York *Herald* of the 12th instant. It is needless to say that all the Democratic opinions are against the message, and many of them expressed in tones as fierce as if the writers thought they could cut off the head of the President with a few sentences, and were going to do it. The sentiments of that side of the house being so well understood, we shall not reproduce the expression of their papers here, but content ourselves with those from Republican sources:

Let Arkansas alone!—*Boston Globe.*

A new disturbing element.—*Newark Advertiser.*

The tone of the President's message leaves the full inference that if Congress takes no action he will declare the recent constitutional convention and election irregular and proceed to place the Brooks party in power.—*Hartford Courant.*

There is trouble enough down South without stirring up anything new at present.—*Binghampton (N. Y.) Republican.*

It is hard to see why the President deems it his duty to recommend a reopening of the old sores.—*Portland Advertiser.*

We know that there are Republicans in Congress whose opinion and feeling about all this are identical with the opinion and feeling of the great mass of American voters. They are at last fairly shut up to the necessity of making a choice of masters. They cannot longer serve Grant and their country. They cannot longer serve Grant and their party.—*Springfield Republican (Ind. Rep.)*

The Washington *Chronicle* and *Republican* take the President's side of the case.

THE TIMES ON ARKANSAS.

The New York *Times*, of February 11, discusses the situation in Arkansas much in the same way as the Chicago *Tribune* whose comments we have published; closing with this caustic paragraph concerning the remarkable message of the President, in which he took ground exactly opposite to the recommendations of the Congressional Committee that investigated the subject:

Differing thus widely from the decision of the House committee, the President very properly submits the question to Congress. He says: "I earnestly ask that Congress will take definite action in this matter to relieve the Executive from acting upon questions which should be decided by the legislative branch of the Government."

The request is one that ought to be promptly complied with, and Congress cannot do better than to adopt the report of the House committee, and refer the President to it for the guidance which he seeks. In doing so, it will not remove all the evils or difficulties that exist in Arkansas, but it will perform its well-defined duty under the Constitution, and it will enable the President, without danger of error, to perform his.

The N. Y. *Tribune* says the Canadian Commissioners to the American Centennial Exhibition will proceed to Philadelphia at an early day to place themselves in relations with the American Commissioners.

In order to promote relations with the Holy See, a Legation is to be established at Rome by the Nicaragua Government.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

THE CIVIL RIGHTS BILL—BROWN AND BUTLER—THE COLORED MEMBERS—THE WALLA WALLA AND SEATTLE RAILWAY BILL—DEMOCRATIC STATESMEN—ONE MORE UNFORTUNATE.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12, 1875.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

The civil rights bill has passed the House, striking out the educational clause. This was done with the consent of the colored members. It received the full Republican vote except a baker's dozen—and the full Democratic vote in the negative. Wm. W. Phelps, of New Jersey and Simeon B. Chittenden, of New York, two wealthy and extremely conservative men, were the only two Northern members who voted against its passage. Chittenden was elected as an Independent and Phelps is no longer looked upon as a Republican, but on the fence, preparing to leap over into the Democratic fold, preparatory to being a candidate for U. S. Senator. It was claimed by Lamar, the eloquent Democrat from Mississippi, that the bill gives no privileges the colored people not already enjoyed in his State, and where he admits the law works well. It is only intended to affect the right of the negro in such Bourbon States as Kentucky, Tennessee and Texas. I predict that in twelve months the outcry against the bill will not even be heard of there.

JOHN YOUNG BROWN.

The feature of the last day's debate was the abusive attack of J. Young Brown, of Kentucky, on Ben. F. Butler. His remarks were so unparliamentary that before he had made the application, he was asked by Speaker Blaine if he referred to a member of the House. This he denied, and when he wound up by applying them to Butler, he was instantly called to order by Judge Hale, of New York, and Dawes, of Massachusetts. Hale offered a resolution, ordering that Brown be brought before the bar of the House, and censured by the speaker for unparliamentary language towards a member and for prevarication in replying to the speaker. This passed by 131 to 89—a strict party vote.

Butler got a little more than even with young Mr. Brown the next day, and in a legitimate, parliamentary manner. In closing the debate on the civil rights bill, he drew a picture of Old John Brown, one of the most practical advocates of civil rights; pictured him as a noble old man, who, to advance the rights of the down-trodden slave invaded a sovereign State with 17 men, his two chivalrous sons by his side. Butler said:

"Monuments have been erected to his memory, and it became the rallying cry to which marched the armies of liberty. He had many good qualities; he was a brave man; he never did a cowardly act; he never struck at anybody behind his back; and more than that, he never told a lie. Even when he lay in prison, and the governor of Virginia visited him and offered him life itself if he would but state what was not true, the old man spurned the bribe and went to the scaffold and gave his life for a poor and lowly race. And his disembodied spirit rose from thence to heaven, wafted there by the prayers and blessings of all the meek and lowly and of all the Christians in the land, and there it looks down smiling upon us from the realms of bliss, into which no *liar* shall ever go. His name was John Brown, the elder, not the younger of that name.

There was another scene in the great drama of human liberty. There was a revolt in the South against the constitution of the United States. There was an attempt to form a new confederation, whose corner stone was slavery. There was an effort made to carry off eleven States from the constellation of stars. There was a treasonable endeavor to overturn this government by force of arms in the interest of slavery. And that brought to the front another John Brown. I dare not trust myself to be a eulogist of that John Brown, the younger of that name. Therefore I pray the clerk to read it from the report of the committee on elections of the House, where it is set out in language that must be parliamentary, however severe."

The clerk then read an extract from the report of the committee of elections, in which they give quotations from Brown's letters and speeches. They find that these are nothing less than a confession that he had secretly urged the assassination of Union soldiers while promising to shield the Confederate. Butler was very impassioned in his remarks, and when he spoke of Giles and Hale, he raised his arm over his head and waved it significantly at the member from Kentucky, who had been censured the day before for prevarication. Butler was heartily applauded, and evidently had the sympathies of the galleries.

COLORED MEMBERS.

It is a significant fact that the extension of suffrage to the negro has resulted in sending black men to the House that are fully the equal of the average white men here from the South. Cain, of South Carolina, and Lynch, of Mississippi—the latter born a slave and emancipated by the war—are both eloquent and able men, who command attention whenever they speak. No member seems to be disgraced by sitting in Congress with these ex-slaves, and it is an amusing spectacle to see them address their white colleagues and seldom masters as "my friend from Tennessee," or "my colleague from Alabama," etc., and always receiving a respectful reply. Last session, however, Robbins, of North Carolina, and Harris, of Virginia, were rude enough to declare that their remarks were "intended for white men." Mr. Lynch, in a set speech the other day on civil rights, in which he paralleled the best efforts of the Caucasian race, read them a lesson in good manners that was heartily appreciated by all listeners and submitted to by the delinquents in sullen silence.

THE SEATTLE AND WALLA WALLA R. R.

The bill permitting the counties of King, Yakima and Walla Walla, and the towns of Walla Walla and Seattle to issue bonds not exceeding $250,000 for any one county and $100,000 for the towns, to aid this enterprise, was mercilessly slain in the Senate chamber yesterday by a vote of 32 nays to 16 yeas. Kelly and Mitchell both did their best for the bill, but Scott, of Pennsylvania, and Ingalls, of Kansas, insisted that this very question had already been settled in this country. Ingalls declared that of the municipal subscriptions by towns and counties in the Western States "at least nine-tenths are in default for interest, or are taking measures to repudiate both principal and interest." Mr. Scott declared that the experience in his State "where immense subscriptions were made, was of such a character that it resulted in the passage of a fundamental law prohibiting municipalities from subscribing stock in corporations of this kind." He made the objection upon the broad general principle that those who own and portion of the taxable property in any State or Territory may impose the tax upon those who own property, against their consent."

THE DEMOCRACY.

Are jubilant in the prospect of soon getting into power in the popular branch of the XLIVth Congress. They will control all the legislation, and for the first time in eighteen years we shall see the Coxes, the Woods, the Randalls, the Lamars, the Holmans, and others of the unterrified, at the head of committees. But the Democratic party does not "pan out" large in great men, for an organization that proposes to control the destinies of the country. I do not believe it is possible for this party, so full of unrepentant memories of the past, and with such unsatisfactory promises for the future, to have more than a temporary lease of power. In the present Congress it has no men to match in debate E. R. Hoar, Jas. G. Blaine, B. F. Butler, W. D. Kelley, James A. Garfield, or Wheeler, of New York; and in the next Congress it will not begin any better position. In the Senate the only men of mark are Thurman of Ohio and Bayard of Delaware; and to oppose them are Morton, Morrill of Maine, Sherman, Conkling, Ferry of Conn., and Edmunds—all in the very first rank of debaters. To replace such men as Schurz and Joe Hoyt Scott the Democracy sent two very weak men—Cockrell and Wallace—the latter a reasoning, clear politician, and the former with no other record than having fought four years to break up the government, and a windbag of the first order. In the South, where they have the power, they have to send ordinary men with brilliant records in the rebel army, but without talent for statesmanship. If Jim Gordon, the best of them, being a man of words and not of ideas. In the XLIVth Congress there will be upwards of sixty members who, during the rebellion, fought under the flag of the Confederate States of America—a larger number than will represent the Union army. In a word, "the gray has scooped the blue." What effect this will have upon the legislation of the country remains to be seen.

ONE MORE UNFORTUNATE.

The Portland, Dalles and Salt Lake subsidy scheme was this evening consigned to the tomb of the Capulets. The vote was 47 nays to 2 yeas. It was not as deep and well or as wide as a barn door, but it will do.

SEMI-OCCASIONAL.

SHIPS OF THE DESERT IN NEVADA.—It looks queer to see a Nevada paper protesting against obstructions to camel travel, and yet that is what the Virginia *Enterprise* is doing. It says: "We hope members of the Legislature will, before voting, carefully consider Mr. Carling's bill, which seeks to prohibit the traveling of camels and dromedaries on the public roads. Members should remember that these animals were brought here originally at great expense by the Government; they thrive well in the desert; they are useful as pack animals; the man or men who own them have property rights. All these things must be considered. To turn them off the roads is to destroy their usefulness. We hope Mr. Carling will explain whether the roads usually traveled by these animals are crowded by teams, or whether it is necessary for the safety of men who drive horses that these animals be excluded from all public highways. Mr. Carling ought to make a full explanation, and as he is a young legislator, we suggest that on this subject of camels he 'humps' himself a little."

A Salt Lake dispatch of a recent date says Governor Axtell is appointing to office polygamists heretofore rejected by his predecessors. Gentiles, Democrats and Republicans, are indignant at Axtell's course as being inimical to their best interests.

DIED:

In this city, Feb. 25, Isabella, wife of Israel Gradon, aged 36 years, 1 month, 13 days.

The funeral will take place from the residence, on G street, between Ninth and Tenth, to day, Friday, at 2 o'clock P. M. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

NEW TO-DAY.

SASH-RIBBONS. Col'd Gro. Grain Ribbons and Ladies' Silk Ties, for sale by JOHN WILSON.

NOTICE.

MR. JOHN SHAVER WILL ORGANIZE A Class for **Plain Business Penmanship**, Friday Evening, March 5, at the Portland Academy. Tuition, Six Dollars—Term, 12 Lessons. Stationery, &c., furnished to pupils free of charge. Orders can be left with the undersigned at J. K. Gill & Co.'s. First street. 25feb6dt

NOTICE.

PARTIES HOLDING TICKETS FOR THE CONcert on Tuesday evening, March 2, 1875, who were unable to procure Reserved Seats, will please take notice that EXTRA CHAIRS will be placed in the Hall on that evening. **The Sale of Tickets is Limited** to the number of persons that can be seated in Masonic Hall. **No Tickets will be sold at the door.**

By order of the Committee.

FOURTH

ANNUAL BALL!

OF

Baker Canby Post No. 1,

G. A. R.,

AT

MASONIC TEMPLE,

THURSDAY EVENING, MARCH 4, 1875.

Committee of Arrangements.

COMRADES

Geo. C. Sears, Theo. Barker, C. F. DuBois,
Geo. W. Johnson, C. P. Yates.

Reception Committee.

COMRADES

J. H. Woodward, W. S. Newberry, Wm. Kepus,
A. A. Frankfurt, W. Spencer.

Floor Committee.

COMRADES

Geo. C. Sears, Theo. Barker, Frank Beard-ley,
C. E. DuBois, Jos. LaGrande.

Tickets (admitting gentleman and ladies), $2 00

The proceeds to be devoted to defraying expenses of MEMORIAL DAY, 30th May, 1875.

Ordinance No. 1607.

AN ORDINANCE AUTHORIZING A CONtract for certain work on B street.

The City of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. The Committee on Streets and Public Property are hereby authorized to enter into contract for the completion of the planking of the south side of B street, between North Fourteenth and North Fifteenth streets, in such manner as they may deem most advisable: *Provided*, The cost thereof shall not exceed eight dollars.

Passed the Common Council February 17, 1875.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Approved February 19, 1875.

HENRY FAILING,
Mayor.

Ordinance No. 1600.

AN ORDINANCE FIXING THE PAY OF Police Commissioners.

The City of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. The pay of the Police Commissioners is hereby fixed at three dollars per day for each day they are employed.

Section 2. Before any bills of said Commissioners for services shall be presented, they shall be certified to be correct by the President of the Board of Police Commissioners.

Passed the Common Council February 17, 1875.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Approved February 19, 1875.

HENRY FAILING,
Mayor.

PAPER BAGS

ALL SIZES—A SPECIALTY

AT THE AGENCY OF

CLACKAMAS MILLS,

72 Front street.

WINDOW GLASS.

1,000 BOXES ASSORTED SIZES, from 7x9 to 36x50,

At the Lowest Market Rates.

HODGE, CALEF & CO.,

DEALERS IN

Drugs, Paints, Oils and Glass,

75 Front Street.

Counting-House Desks,

LOW STANDING AND DROP LEAF, SWIVEL, Library and Arm Chairs. We have the Agency for Pearl's Folding School Desks. Also, the Gem Desk. Pearl's Folding Desk is the best School Desk made in the United States.

OREGON

FURNITURE MANUFACTURING COMP'Y,

PORTLAND.

L. H. WAKEFIELD JOHN BARROWS

WAKEFIELD & CO.,

DEALERS IN

CUMBERLAND, LEHIGH,

And all kinds of

COAL.

ADVANCES MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS OF Produce, and personal attention given to the purchase and shipment for Merchandise and the sale of Oregon Produce.

San Francisco, Oct. 1, 1874. 81 2dm

AMUSEMENTS.

ENTERTAINMENT!

AT

MASONIC HALL,

ON

Friday Evening, February 26, 1875,

The members of

MULTNOMAH LODGE NO. 12,

I. O. G. T.,

Assisted by prominent Amateur Talent, will present the grand Moral Drama in 5 Acts of

THE DRUNKARD!

EDWARD MIDDLETON..... C. A. BAILEY.

William Dawton..... E. R. Dow
Cribbs..... R. W. Lockwood
Mary Wilson..... Miss Lucy E. Hay
Angus Dawton..... Mrs. C. H. Kellogg
Miss Spindle..... Miss Annie Hayden
Mrs. Wilson..... Miss N. Sutherlin
Julia Middleton..... Miss L. Smith

The proceeds of the Entertainment will be devoted to paying the indebtedness of Multnomah Lodge.

Tickets, 50 Cents. Reserved Seats, 75 Cents.

Tickets can be had at I. K. Gill & Co.'s Bookstore, First street, or from the Committee.

NEW

Adelphi Vaudeville Theater.

Oro Fino Block.

BRIGGS & BLISS..... Sole Proprietors.
CAL. MAUDEVILLE..... Stage and Bus. Manager.

Open Every Evening with a full

VAUDEVILLE COMPANY

Of Talented Lady and Gentlemen Artists!

SINGING, DANCING, NEGRO FARCES, FUNNY SAYINGS, &c., &c.

FUN! FUN! FUN! NIGHTLY.

Admission, 50 Cents.

GRAND

Vocal and Instrumental

CONCERT!

FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE

Beth-Israel Synagogue,

AT

MASONIC HALL!

Tuesday Evening, March 2, 75,

On which occasion a

CHOICE PROGRAMME

Will be offered. The

AMATEUR MUSICAL SOCIETY,

Numbering 14 performers, and several other

WELL-KNOWN AMATEURS

Have kindly volunteered.

Tickets $1 00. Reserved seats without extra charge can be secured at S. Harris', Odd Fellows' Building, on Thursday, Feb. 25, at 9 o'clock A. M.

Programme will be published on Monday, March 1st.

SKATING RINK.

Children's Grand Masquerade,

SATURDAY AFTERNOON, FEB. 27, 1875.

Admission 25 cents.

GRAND MASQUERADE!

Saturday Evening, March 13. Admission 50c. Reserved seats 75c.

Hereafter the Rink will be open every afternoon from 2 to 4. Tickets will be furnished skates free. Gentlemen 25c.

Saturday night from 8 to 10; MUSIC. Admission 25c. (Ladies free.) Use of skates 25c.

H. C. MORRICE, Lessee.

THE

German Aid Society

OF THIS CITY

WILL GIVE A

Bazar and Grand Ball!

ON

APRIL 5, 6, 7 and 8, 1875,

AT THE

SKATING RINK!

The Proceeds will be applied to the Erection of a German Hospital.

Household Furniture for Sale.

THE ENTIRE FURNITURE of a HOUSE completely furnished throughout; suitable for family use, or for keeping rooms to rent or for Private boarding in first class style.

ALSO,

A FINE SEVEN OCTAVE PIANO.

For particulars enquire at the Auction Salesroom of A. B. RICHARDSON.

PAPER HANGING

WILSON & FENIMORE,

MANUFACTURERS,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Samples Furnished.

GEORGE MORROW. WILLIAM SCOTT.

GEO. MORROW & CO.

GRAIN AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

DEALERS IN

CALIFORNIA AND OREGON PRODUCE,

CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED.

39 Clay St., and 28 Commercial St., San Francisco

Refer by permission to R. C. KINNEY, Salem, Ogn. 81 2dm

OYSTERS.

ALISKY & HEGELE'S

PREMIUM CANDY FACTORY,

No. 107 FIRST STREET.

N. B.—The only place where the justly celebrated

Pan-Roasts and Oyster Patties

ARE SERVED.

Gem Oyster Saloon!

THE PROPRIETOR ANTICIPATING a freeze up, ordered a large supply of EASTERN OYSTERS by the last steamer; and also, SHOALWATER BAY'S by last steamer from Astoria.

If the blockade continues the "GEM" will have the Oyster Business "Cornered."

N.B.—Our Oysters are all in a cellar, away from the frost, and will keep for months.

THE OXFORD OYSTER SALOON

KEPT BY CLIS WALLER, WHO FOR THE LAST four years conducted the Gem Oyster Saloon, to the universal satisfaction of his customers and of the united fair public is now prepared to attend to the wants of his numerous friends at his own place, which he warrants will be kept only on first Class principles. He also would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that he has made arrangements to get FRESH SHOALWATER BAY OYSTERS, expressly selected for him twice a week, and A No. 1 EASTERN OYSTERS per every steamer.

A cordial invitation is extended to Ladies and Gentlemen to come and convince themselves as to the kind of a place he keeps.

WM. WALLER,

Oak street, 2d door west of Pfunder's Drug store.

MOON'S

Pacific Oyster & Chop House,

S. E. Cor. Second and Stark Sts.

FRESH SHOALWATER BAY OYSTERS, Plain Stews, Fried Oysters, Fancy Roasts and large plate raw Oysters, 40 cents a dish. Per Hundred 50 cents.

Prices reduced on account of doing all the work myself.

Everything is kept in first class style. Ladies and gentlemen desiring to visit a first class Oyster and Chop House are respectfully invited to call and I will guarantee they will find such at my place.

fe9dlm JOHN MOON.

OSCAR KILBOURN,

AUCTION AND COMMISSION MERCHANT,

Corner First and Pine Streets,

WILL PURCHASE AND SELL REAL ESTATE, Merchandise, Furniture, &c.

Regular Sale Days, Tuesdays and Fridays

A general assortment of Merchandise at private sale.

OSCAR KILBOURN, Auctioneer.

Special Auction Sale of FURNITURE.

FRIDAY MORNING, FEB 26,

At 11 o'clock,

I will sell on the premises, Salmon street, north side, between Second and Third, the entire Furniture and Fixtures, consisting of

Parlor, Dining, Bedroom and Kitchen Furniture.
Carpets, Bedding, Cornices, Shades.
Pictures, Mirrors.
Parlor and Kitchen Stoves.
Crockery, Glassware, &c.

ALSO,

One Elegant Seven Octave Piano.

OSCAR KILBOURN, Auctioneer.

BOSCO & MEGLER

PHOTOGRAPHERS,

No. 127 and 129 First Street,

PORTLAND, OREGON

THIS NEW AND

Magnificent Establishment

HAS

SUPERIOR FACILITIES,

AND

PRODUCES AS FINE WORK

As any on the Coast.

ALL WORK WARRANTED.

ONLY ONE FLIGHT OF STAIRS.

CORBITT & MACLEAY

OFFER FOR SALE THE CARGO OF the "Mattie Macleay," now landing, and other recent arrivals from Honolulu, direct:

5464 kegs assorted grades Island Sugars;
100 bags Kona Coffee;
100 " Island Rice;
100 tons Punloa Salt;
100 bbls. Molasses,

In quantities to suit the Trade, at Importing rates.

CORBITT & MACLEAY.

Portland, Feb. 13, 1875. fe15dlm

OREGON TRANSFER COMPANY

OFFICE & HACK STABLES,

S. W. Corner of Second and Stark Streets.

CARRIAGE RATES:

Calling, $1 50 first hour, $1 00 for each additional hour
Riding, $1 50 per hour.
To or from Trains and Steamboats, 50 cents each person.
To and from Balls and Parties, $2 00 a couple.
Funerals, $5 00 a Hack.

☞All orders given to the Drivers, or left at the office, will be promptly attended to, day or night.

JUST RECEIVED

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF THE CELEBRATED "ANCHOR" BRAND

NAILS.

THE BEST NAIL IN MARKET.

Shelf and Builders' Hardware.

MECHANICS' TOOLS.

&c., &c., &c.

67 FRONT STREET, CORNER STARK.

JOHN R. FOSTER.

SUGAR AND RICE!

ON FALKINBURG, NOW IN THE RIVER. 1,100 kegs SUGAR—JAMES MAKEE and Wailuku brands No. 1—

The Best that Comes to this Market.

ALSO

150 Bags Choice Hawaiian Rice

For sale by

J. McCRAKEN & CO.

February 5, 1875.

OCEAN STEAMERS.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO, DIRECT.

CARRYING U. S. MAILS.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S steamer

ORIENTAL.

FRANCIS CONNOR..... Commander.

Will leave Portland Wharf, foot of Davis street, for the above port

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1875,

At 4 o'clock P. M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner F and Front streets.

GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

For PORT TOWNSEND, VICTORIA, PORT WRANGLE and SITKA:

CARRYING U. S. MAILS.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP CO.'S Steam Propeller

CALIFORNIA,

JOHN HAYES..... Commander.

Will leave Portland Wharf and Dock Company's Wharf, at foot of Everett, for the above ports,

MONDAY, MARCH 8, 1875,

At 4 o'clock P. M.,

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner of F and Front streets.

GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

From Coos Bay & San Francisco

REGULAR STEAMSHIP LINE.

THE FAVORITE STEAMERS

EASTPORT,

WM. WHITNEY..... Master.

EMPIRE,

C. H. BUTLER..... Master.

Will run regularly between the above ports and Coos Bay.

For Freight or Passage apply to

F. SCHETTER, Agent, Coos Bay. D. BRADLEE, Agent, San Francisco, 105 Davis street, near California. ocs6dm

RIVER STEAMERS.

NOTICE.

UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE the Str. SENATOR will leave her dock foot of F street, every day (Sundays excepted), at 2:30 P. M. for Oregon City.

Passengers for Dayton and intermediate points will take stage at 3:30, connecting at Canemah on Monday, Wednesday and Friday of each week.

Rates of Freight:

Corvallis to Portland..... $2 50
Albany and Salem..... 2 00
Harrisburg..... 2 00

All freights delivered in Portland free of drayage.

Up Freight, $4,00 per Ton.

Freight forwarded to Astoria with dispatch.

J. D. BILES, Agent.

Oregon Steam Navigation Co.'s

PASSENGER SCHEDULE.

PASSENGERS LEAVE PORTLAND
For the DALLES—Daily, (except Sunday), at 6 A. M.
For KALAMA and TACOMA—Daily (Sundays excepted) at 6 A. M.
For VICTORIA—Wednesday and Saturday at 6 A. M.
For ASTORIA—Daily, (except Sunday,) at 5 P. M.
For Cathlamet, Bay View and Skamokawa—Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 6 A. M.
For Westport, Manhattan and Clifton—Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 6 A. M.
For KNAPPA—Thursday, at 6 A. M.

J. C. AINSWORTH, President.

The Willamette River Transportation Co.'s Steamers

Will leave the Central Wharf between Washington and Alder streets, as follows:

FOR HARRISBURG and intermediate points on the Willamette River, on Monday and Thursday, at 6 A. M.

FOR ASTORIA—Steamer BEAVER.—Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 6 A. M.

Lightering and Towing of Vessels between Portland and Astoria at REDUCED RATES.

FRANK T. DODGE, Agent.

OHIO!

INDEPENDENT LINE!

THE LIGHT DRAFT STEAMER,

OHIO,

Leaves Pacific Wharf, foot of Salmon street, FRIDAY, Feb. 26, for Harrisburg and all intermediate points on the Willamette river.

UJ R. SCOTT, Master.
M. O. TOWNSDALE, Agent, on the Wharf.

Portland & Vancouver Packet.

THE STEAMER VANCOUVER,

JAS. W. TROUPE, Master.

WILL LEAVE, DAILY, FROM FOOT OF Alder Street for Vancouver, at 2:30 P. M. Returning, leave Vancouver at 8 A. M.

For freight or passage apply on board.

CITY TAXES.

The TAX ROLL for 1875 is now in my hands for collection, and all Taxes assessed thereon must be paid at my office, No. 87 First St., within Thirty Days from this date or the same will be returned as delinquent.

L. H. LEWIS,

Treasurer City of Portland.

Portland, Feb. 11, 1875.

Don't Overlook This!

FOR $7,000; ORIGINAL COST, $11,300

Title Perfect. Terms Easy.

MY ELEGANT RESIDENCE, ON THE NORTHeast corner Taylor and Twelfth streets, Lot 1 and 2 in Block 95, is for sale.

J. M. G. KALLICH.

REMOVED.

DR. J. R. CARDWELL,

Dentist,

Has removed to Room No. 5, Dekum's Building, cor. First and Washington streets. daw

FROM HONOLULU.

THE CARGO OF THE JANE A. FALKINBURG Consisting of Assorted Grades of

SUGARS, COFFEE, PULU AND RICE,

For sale to the Trade at low rates, by

ALLEN & LEWIS.

SINGING CLASS.

MRS. HOLBROOK'S JUVENILE CLASS in VOCAL MUSIC will be held at the Vestry of the Presbyterian Church, on SATURDAYS, at 1 P. M. The adult Class on Wednesday evenings at the same place, at 7½ P. M. Terms, $5.

AUCTION AND COMMISSION.

A. B. RICHARDSON

AUCTIONEER,

COR. OF FRONT AND OAK STS.

Auction Sales

OF REAL ESTATE, GROCERIES, GENERAL MERCHANDISE AND FURNITURE.

Sale Days—Wednesday and Saturday.

At Private Sale,

Large assortment of GROCERIES and Liberal advances made on Consignments. To parties declining business, notice is hereby given that I will purchase Second-hand Furniture.

A. B. RICHARDSON.

Regular and Peremptory Sale of

Furniture, Groceries, General Merchandise, Etc.,

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 27,

At 10 o'clock A. M.

GROCERIES,

50 bxs Navy TOBACCO.
5,000 La Matilda CIGARS.
125 bxs C. G. SOAP.
200 bxs Fancy SOAP.
50 chests Japan TEA.
50 bxs WASHING POWDER.

ALSO,

DRY GOODS AND CLOTHING.

ALSO,

20 sets Steel FIRE IRONS.
8 doz GALVANIZED BUCKETS.
5 doz Eng. FRY PANS.

ALSO,

PICTURES and FRAME MATERIAL.

ALSO,

BEDROOM, DINING AND KITCHEN FURNITURE.

A. B. RICHARDSON.

INSURANCE.

THE STATE

Investment & Insurance

COMPANY,

OF SAN FRANCISCO.

FIRE AND MARINE

Incorporated in 1871.

Cash Assets, - - -

OFFICERS:

PETER DONAHUE, President.
CHARLES H. CUSHING, Secretary.

This Company has no connection with any insurance combination. Its rates are fixed at the Lowest Tariff rates established by the Board, according to its own merits.

The undersigned, having been appointed Agents for the above Company, are prepared to accept applications and issue Fire and Marine risks at equitable rates.

A. P. HOTCHKISS & CO.,
Office—Front street.

General Agents for Ore., Wash. Ter. and Idaho.

N. B.—Agents wanted throughout the Territory.

Fireman's Fund Insurance Co.

OF CALIFORNIA.

FIRE AND MARINE.

Assets Exceed - $627,000

OREGON BRANCH,

98 Front Street, corner of Oak,

EDWARD HALL, Agent.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

MADE TO ORDER.

IF YOU WANT A GOOD PAIR OF BOOTS, made to fit, call on J. GRADY, No. 1 Washington street.

Repairing promptly attended to.

E. CORBETT,

Livery, Hack & Feed

STABLE,

(FIRE PROOF)

COR. SECOND AND TAYLOR STS.

Reasonable Charges for Hire. Particular Attention paid to Boarding.

OBSERVE PRICES:

Riding, $1 50 per hour.
Calling, $1 50 first hour, $1 each additional hour.
To boats, 50 cents each trip.
Funerals, $5 per Hack.
To and from Balls and Parties, $2 50.

Orders left at STABLE or RESIDENCE will be promptly attended to at any hour.

PROPOSALS for BRICK

FOR THE

STATE CAPITOL BUILDING,

AT SALEM.

BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED FOR LAYING bricks necessary to erect said building according to plans and specifications now on file and seen at the Architect's office, in Salem.

Said bids must be accompanied by a bond in a sum being with two or more sureties, of not less than 10 per cent. of the amount of said bid, conditioned that if the contract be awarded to the bidder, he will enter into bonds for the faithful performance of said contract.

The bids received by the Board for the above work will be opened by said Board at the Capitol, in Salem, on the 10th day of March, 1875, at 2 o'clock P. M. of said day. The Board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

U. S. Coin will be paid as the work progresses.

By order of the Board.

H. STAFFORD,
President.

P. L. WILLIS, Secretary.
Salem, Feb. 10, 1875.

HALL, BRADLEY & CO.

WARRANTED

PURE WHITE LEAD

NEW YORK.

50 Tons White Lead Paste

IN

Tin Pails of 25 pounds each,
Wood Kegs of 250 lbs and 100 lbs,
Wood Kegs of 50 lbs and 25 lbs.

FORFEITED IF ADULTERATED.

For Sale to the Trade in Lots to Suit, by

A. HAYWARD, Sole Agent,

ja22dlm2m 224 CALIFORNIA street.

WM. PFUNDER,

APOTHECARY AND CHEMIST,

DEUTSCHE APOTHEKE,

Corner of First and Oak streets, Portland.

PRESCRIPTIONS A SPECIALTY.

WANTED!

ALL KINDS OF RAW FURS FOR SHIPping. Also, choice qualities for Robe Trimming, for which we will pay the HIGHEST PRICE in CASH.

RUMMELIN & GUTMANN,

Manufacturing Furriers, 55 First street, between Stark and Oak.

British Barque "Spirit of the Dawn."

ALL CLAIMS AGAINST THE BRITISH barque "Spirit of the Dawn," must be presented in duplicate at the office of the undersigned, before February 28th.

HENRY HEWETT & CO.,
No. 28 North Front street.

The Daily Oregonian.

FRIDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 26, 1875.

CITY.

NUPTIALS SOLEMNIZED.—Last evening, at 8 o'clock was the time, and the First Presbyterian church the place, where the nuptials of Miss Julia A. Sutton and Mr. Gustave A. Wright were solemnized. The fact that fashionable wedding was to take place at this hour mentioned, was the signal for the gathering of a very large assemblage of ladies and gentlemen, composed mainly of the beauty, wealth and social refinement of the city. Long before the hour designated for the marriage to be solemnized, a constant tide of humanity began to flow into the church, and soon every available seat, except those reserved, was occupied,—aisles and door-way were crowded with the eager, expectant throngs of both sexes, who were unable to find seats, notwithstanding the attention of the gentlemanly ushers. A few minutes before 8 o'clock, the mother of the bride made her appearance, accompanied by a number of the guests and private friends of the bride's party. The party marched down the aisle and were assigned reserved seats near the altar. Just as the city clock was chiming the hour of eight, the arrival of the bridal party was announced, and at the same instant the grand old organ pealed forth the merry notes of the "Wedding March." Marching slowly down the aisle, the bridal party advanced within a few yards of the altar, and there deployed to the right and left and faced the minister, Rev. Dr. Lindsley, who was in readiness to receive them. The following persons composed the bridal party: Bride, Miss Julia A. Sutton; bridegroom, Mr. Gustavus B. Wright; first bridesmaid, Miss Maggie Sutton; second bridesmaid, Miss Mave Sutton; first groomsman, Colonel Dudley Evans; second groomsman, John Adair, Jr. At a given signal the music ceased, and the important ceremony began. A short prayer was offered by the officiating minister, followed by the solemnization

TION AND COMMISSION.
A. B. RICHARDSON,
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Auction Sales
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I purchase Second-Hand Furniture.
A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.
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OF
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URDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 1875,
At 10 o'clock A. M.,
GROCERIES.
Navy TOBACCO.
a Matches CIGARS,
C. O. SOAP.
Fancy SOAP.
ts Japan TEA.
WASHING POWDER.
ALSO,
OODS AND CLOTHING.
ALSO,
Steel FIRE IRONS.
GALVANIZED BUCKETS.
Eng. FRY PANS.
ALSO,
TRES and FRAMES.
RACKS, &c,
ALSO,
OOM, DINING ROOM AND KITCH
TURE.
A. B. RICHARDSON,
Auctioneer.
INSURANCE.
THE STATE
esInent & Insuran
COMPANY.
OF SAN FRANCISCO.
RE AND MARINE
Incorporated in 1871.
Assets, - - $429,6
OFFICERS:
DONAHUE, A. J. BRYANT,
President. Vice Pres
CHARLES H. CUSHING, Secretary.
Company has no connection with a
e combination; its business is tr
west Paying Rates each risk bein
ng to its own merits.
undersigned, having been appointed
for the above Company are now pr
pt applications and issue Policies f
arine risks at equitable rates.
A. P. HOTALING & CO.,
Office---25 Front Street, Portla
l Agents for Oregon and Washington Ter
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FIRE AND MARINE.
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OREGON BRANCH
09 Front Street, corner of Alde
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BOOTS AND SHOES.
MADE TO ORDER
IF YOU WANT A GOOD PAIR OF
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WILL BE RECEIVED FOR LAYING
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e to plans and specifications, which
the Architect's office in Salem.
bids must be accompanied by an
h two or more sureties, or not less th
unt of the amount of said bid, condi
the contract be awarded to the said b
ter into bonds for the faithful perf
said contract.
bids received by the Board for said
ill be opened by said Board at their
on the 16th day of March, 1875, at one
f said day. The Board reserve the
ny and all bids.
bids will be paid as the work progress
der of the Board.
H. STAPLETON, Pr
WILLIS, Secretary.
, Feb. 10, 1875.
FI. BRADLEY & C
WARRANTED
RE WHITE LEAD
NEW YORK.
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IN
Palls of 25 pounds each
d Kegs of 230 lbs and 100 lbs
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ESCRIPTIONS A SPECIALTY
WANTED!
INDS OF RAW FURS FOR SHIPPING
, choice qualities for Home Consumption
we will pay the HIGHEST PRICES.
RUDDELLIN & GUTMANN,
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Barque "Spirit of the Dawn."
LAIMS AGAINST THE BR. BARQUE
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JENNY HEWETT & CO.,
25 North Front street.
, Feb. 21.

The Daily Oregonian.

FRIDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 26, 1875.

CITY.

CAPITALS SOLEMNIZED.—Last evening, at 8 o'clock was the time, and the First Presbyterian church the place, where the nuptials of Miss Julia A. Sutton and Mr. Gustavus B. Wright were solemnized. The fact that a fashionable wedding was to take place at the time mentioned was the signal for the gathering of a very large assemblage of ladies and gentlemen, composed mainly of the beauty, wealth and social refinement of the city. Long before the hour designated for the marriage to be solemnized, a constant tide of humanity began to flow into the church, and soon every available seat, except those reserved, was occupied,—aisles and door-ways were crowded with the eager, expectant throngs of both sexes, who were unable to find seats, notwithstanding the attention of the gentlemanly ushers. A few minutes before 8 o'clock, the mother of the bride made her appearance, accompanied by a number of the guests and private friends of the bridal party. The party marched down the aisle and were assigned reserved seats near the altar. Just as the city clock was chiming the hour of eight, the arrival of the bridal party was announced, and at the same instant the grand old organ pealed forth the merry notes of the "Wedding March." Marching slowly down the aisle, the bridal party advanced to within a few yards of the altar, and there deployed to the right and left and faced the minister, Rev. Dr. Lindsley, who was in readiness to receive them. The following persons composed the bridal party: Bride, Miss Julia A. Sutton; bridegroom, Mr. Gustavus B. Wright; first bridesmaid, Miss Maggie Sutton; second bridesmaid, Miss Mave Sutton; first groomsman, Colonel Dudley Evans; second groomsman, John Adair, Jr. At a given signal the music ceased, and the important ceremony began. A short prayer was offered by the officiating minister, followed by the solemnization of the nuptials in a few brief but appropriate words, and concluding with the invocation of divine blessing and benediction. Once more the organ sent forth its chime-like tones, the party slowly marched away, and the important affair was at an end. Mr. Wright is a prominent citizen of Victoria, and the bride, it is needless to add, is one of Portland's fairest and most accomplished daughters. The most ardent wishes for long life, happiness and prosperity, from a host of friends accompany the estimable couple.

FUNERAL OBSEQUIES.—Yesterday afternoon the funeral of the late Willard A. Holbrook took place from the residence of Mrs. Holbrook. It was attended by a large number of the friends of the deceased. The usual religious services were held at the house, prior to the starting of the funeral procession, and were very beautiful and impressive. The services opened by the singing of an appropriate piece of music, conducted by Mr. Wm. Waddams. Dr. Lindsley offered prayer, which was followed by singing. Some very appropriate passages of scripture were then read by Dr. Lindsley, followed by another beautiful song. Rev. George H. Atkinson then offered prayer, and the services were concluded. All that remained mortal of the late Willard A. Holbrook was then conveyed to the Lone Fir Cemetery, followed by sorrowing relatives and a large number of sympathizing friends, and consigned to the silence and forgetfulness of the grave.

LADIES' SOCIAL AND PASTOR'S AID SOCIETY.—The annual meeting of the Ladies' Society connected with the Taylor-street M. E. church, was held yesterday afternoon at the residence of Mr. E. J. Northrop. The attendance was unusually large, the presence of Bro. and Sister Bentley adding much to the interest of the occasion. The following officers were elected: President, Mrs. A. C. Gibbs; 1st Vice President, Mrs. M. C. Dillon; 2d Vice President, Mrs. J. F. Jones; Secretary and Treasurer, Mrs. S. A. Moreland. After consultation as to further plans of usefulness, the Society adjourned to meet on Wednesday next at the o'clock P. M., at the residence of Mrs. Wm. Roberts. All members and friends of the church are cordially invited to be present and take part in the important business of the Society.

HOUSEWIFE ACQUITTAL.—Says the *Statesman* of yesterday: Yesterday afternoon, after the summing up and Judge's charge, the jury in the case of B. F. Brown, charged with embezzlement, retired and after a short consultation returned a verdict of not guilty. The jury heard but one sentiment expressed about this trial, with those that we have talked with, and that is the vindictiveness with which Mr. Brown has been pursued since the night of the robbery. Everything that could possibly be done to secure a conviction has been done. W. F. A. Cronin and Hon. Rufus Mallory assisted the prosecution, and Messrs. Knight & Lord and Hon. Ben. Hayden appeared for the defendant.

SUBSCRIPTION BOOK.—J. W. Strong is canvassing the city for subscriptions for a book entitled "Hill's Manual of Social and Business Forms," published by Messrs. Warren & Co., Chicago. From a very slight inspection of the book we should say it has a great variety of practical information in it and might be useful to persons who can find use for any book that attempts to teach how to write letters of business, love or ceremony; forms for legal documents, penmanship, punctuation, etc. It has also a very good table of English synonyms, which is about the only thing in it that we should care to purchase.

STEAMER CELILO.—Some months ago this steamer was hauled on the ways at Celilo and the cabin thoroughly overhauled. Four men were sent up a few days since by Mr. John Holland, to caulk the hull, as it is perfectly dry and in excellent condition to receive the oakum and pitch. After receiving a thorough calking, several coats of paint are to be supplied, when the steamer will be placed in the best possible condition to render service. Ten days hence the *Celilo* will be ready for the spring trade.

PIONEER AND HISTORICAL SOCIETY.—A meeting of the Pioneer and Historical Society of Oregon was held at Astoria on Tuesday last. Dr. A. L. Lindsley, of Portland, delivered the address before the society. After the transaction of considerable business, the society adjourned to hold a called meeting in this city about the middle of next month. Before adjourning, it was determined that the address of Dr. Lindsley should be repeated at the next meeting.

BROKE THROUGH.—On Wednesday, as a heavily loaded truck was being driven along Main street, the cistern cover at the intersection of Second suddenly gave way, just as the team was crossing, and a serious, if not fatal accident came near occurring. Fortunately the team and truck escaped being precipitated into the cistern. No damage worthy of mention was sustained. All needed repairs have been made to the crossing since the accident.

TICKETS—SEATS.—Persons holding tickets for the concert to be given on Tuesday evening, March 2d, who were unable to procure reserved seats, are requested to take notice that extra chairs will be placed in the hall on that evening. The sale of tickets is limited to the number of persons who can be seated in Masonic Hall. No tickets will be sold at the door.

WEATHER REPORT.—From the records of the U. S. Signal Station of Observation, Portland, Oregon, February 25, 1875:

	7 A. M.	2 P. M.	9 P. M.
Thermometer	40	50	46
Wind, direction		S.W.	Calm.
Wind, velocity	8	8	
Weather	Cloudy.	Cloudy.	Cloudy.
Minimum temperature			41

GRAND ENCAMPMENT.—The editor of the Oregon City *Enterprise*, who "speaks from the book" in such matters, states that the proposed Grand Encampment of the I. O. O. F. for Oregon, will be instituted in this city on Monday, March the 29th. Full delegations from different parts of the State will be present.

OYSTER SUPPER.—We are requested to state that the ladies connected with East Portland Baptist Sunday school, will give an oyster supper this (Friday) evening at the Odd Fellows' Hall in that city. A cordial invitation is extended to the public.

REVIVAL MEETINGS.—Owing to the interest of the revival meetings in the Methodist church the meetings will be continued through this week. Preaching this evening. All are welcome.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

The steamer *California* will soon be due here from Sitka.

Steamer is announced to sail for San Francisco this afternoon.

Two solitary cases of drunkenness disposed of yesterday morning.

The steamer *Oriflamme* brought up over 500 tons of assorted cargo.

There will be a rehearsal at Mason's Hall this afternoon at 1:30 o'clock.

It is the present intention to open the new theater about the 20th of March.

The new engine house of Multnomah Co. No. 2 will soon be ready for occupancy.

The Union meetings are still continued at the Young Men's Christian Association rooms.

The bark *Corsican* arrived here yesterday, and now lies at anchor opposite the boneyard.

We hear strong talk of a short theatrical season being soon inaugurated at Odd Fino Theater.

The Catholic Social Union at its last meeting, voted to adjourn until Easter Tuesday evening.

As the steamer *Oriflamme* was on the way to this port, she passed the *Ajax* opposite Cape Mendocino.

The *Spirit of the Dawn* will go down the river to-day, having partially completed her cargo of grain.

The next regular meeting of the United Irishmen will be held this (Friday) evening at 7:30 o'clock.

J. J. Browne, Esq., will deliver a lecture this evening at the Baptist church, on the subject of temperance.

We are informed that one of the two Japanese attending the academy at Forest Grove has been converted to Christianity.

An interesting protracted meeting has been held at the church near East Portland, during the past week, conducted by Rev. J. Moberg.

There is some talk of placing the steamer *Welcome* on the Kalama route, since she has been withdrawn from the Portland-Oregon City line.

The *Friday* afternoon exercises at the Portland academy are continued from week to week, and are usually very interesting and profitable.

A lecture will be delivered at Museum Hall on Monday evening for the benefit of the Catholic Social Union. The subject is "The Catholic Ideas in the Discovery of America."

Bright and lovely weather. Wonder what those chronic croakers about "interminable wet winters," "endless rains," "Oregon mist," "land of Webfoot," etc., will have to complain of now.

The new roadway leading down to the O. S. N. Co.'s wharf, at foot of Pine street, nearly completed. It has been so constructed as to lessen the sharpness of the grade, thus rendering it easier for teams to ascend and descend with heavy loads.

THE COURTS.

STATE CIRCUIT COURT—SHATTUCK, J.

THURSDAY, Feb. 25, 1875.

State of Oregon vs. John E. Gutens; sentenced to three years' imprisonment in the State penitentiary and fined the costs of the suit.

Thomas Tice vs. Angeline Kennard and Jas. P. Kennard; demurrer to complaint argued and taken under advisement.

McKay and Pare vs. Salem Flouring Mills Co.; motion for judgment argued and taken under advisement.

M. J. Gleason vs. Patrick Fay; motion to set aside default argued and taken under advisement.

William Squires admitted as a citizen of the United States.

Oregon and California Railroad Company vs. City of Portland; continued until Saturday next.

State vs. W. W. Thayer executor, et al., defendants. Thayer et al., executors, required to pay $100 and costs.

Hampton Kelly vs. M. D. D. Sovrenay et al.; confirmation of sheriff's sale.

John Flynn vs. J. T. Williams; cause continued.

W. H. Gray vs. S. Murray; J. B. Stephens substituted for plaintiff, and judgment rendered for plaintiff.

Emile Deberle vs. T. A. Wood; dismissed at plaintiff's cost.

Levi Anderson vs. Thomas Tice et al.; leave granted to the sheriff to amend return.

M. A. Tice et al. vs. Thomas Tice et al.; same order as last entered.

State vs. Thomas Duckett; defendant discharged and bail exonerated.

H. Howe vs. William Cornell & Co.; motion for a new trial argued and taken under advisement.

John Foster vs. Matilde Foster; stricken from the docket.

Mary Maughan vs. John H. Maughan; decree of divorce granted.

S. Meier vs. William Kern; demurrer overruled by consent; defendant allowed until Thursday next to answer.

State vs. O. S. Phelps; demurrer to indictment argued and submitted.

AMUSEMENTS.

CHILDREN'S MASQUERADE.—To-morrow afternoon a grand children's masquerade will be given at the Skating Rink. Young ladies *en masque* will be furnished skates and admitted *free*. Admission for boys, free use of skates, 25 cents. Tickets for the maskers can be procured at the Rink Friday afternoon between 2 and 4 o'clock P. M., or Saturday morning from 10 to 12 o'clock.

Under the auspices of the members of Multnomah Lodge, I. O. G. T., a dramatic entertainment will be given this evening at Masonic Hall. The great moral drama of "The Drunkard, or "The Fallen Saved," will be produced. The piece has been in careful course of preparation during the past week, and judging from the rehearsals, we feel warranted in saying that the play will be rendered quite acceptably. Chas. A. Ball, Esq., the well known amateur, has kindly tendered his services, and will appear in the leading *role*—"Edward Middleton." It is safe to say Mr. Ball's personation of the character of the drunkard will be all that could be desired, and the part could scarcely have been allotted more fittingly. Mr. E. R. Bow, a very clever amateur, whose name is not new to the public, has also volunteered and will appear as "William Dowton." We sincerely hope a full house will greet this first presentation of this moral drama.

SOCIAL EVENTS.

As will be seen by a reference elsewhere, the members of Baker and Canby Post No. 1, G. A. R., will hold their fourth annual ball at Masonic temple, on Thursday evening, March 4th. Elaborate preparations are being made for the forthcoming event, and the result will only repeat the social triumphs so often won by this well known organization.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Oscar Kilbourn will hold a special sale today at 11 o'clock.

John Shaver advertises in another column that he will organize a class in plain business penmanship, this evening at the Portland Academy. See his card.

PHOTOGRAPHY.

Duchtel & Stolte's first class photograph gallery, *established in 1853*, possesses all the facilities to do better work than any other gallery in the State. All the new styles in the Eastare made in our rooms. We preserve all our NEGATIVES, and have at present over 15,000 on hand, from which duplicate copies can be had at any time. We have engaged the services of Mr. Chas. Hasselman, late of Sarony's, in New York, and Bradley & Rulofson and G. D. Morse's, San Francisco. Oil paintings, photographs in water colors, or India ink, and also the beautiful crayon pictures, executed in a superior style. Call and examine specimens.

KOHN, the Clothier, is at present in San Francisco purchasing new goods for the Spring trade, a portion of which will be shipped on the *Ajax* to arrive about the 6th proximo. During his absence the clerks in charge of the establishment will attend to the wants of old and new customers. For rare bargains go to Kohn's opposite National Bank. They can provide you with anything in the clothing line. Do not delay, but call while the opportunity to buy cheap is offered.

Although there is no immediate prospect of the building of the Portland, Dalles and Salt Lake Railroad, the firm of BECK & WALDMAN are still prepared to give customers, old and new, the very best bargains in clothing. They have a splendid stock and propose to keep it complete. New Goods arrive per every steamer. Youths' clothing continues a specialty at this house. Call to buy, or admire those you happen to pass.

FOUR WEEKS IN PORTLAND.

[From the Reformed Church Messenger.]

What kind of a city is Portland? How did you find it? are questions asked by the friends of our mission in the East.

The city is located on the Willamet river, twelve miles above its junction with the Columbia river, and one hundred and ten miles from where the latter empties into the Pacific Ocean. The location of Portland is as pretty and lovely, geographically, as it is advantageous for the most extensive trade by land and by sea. The beautiful Willamet, whose deep green waters flow through the city for several miles, divides it, like Rhein-Basel, into two unequal parts. Through it, the massive sea vessels, which in their course sail around Cape Horn, and carry Oregon wheat into the celestial ports, as well as the agile steam vessels which ply the Willamet at least one hundred, and the Columbia several hundred miles, find their way into the heart of the city. From the banks of this deep, small river, unusually alive with all kinds of shipping, the city gradually rises towards the east and the west, until it comes in close contact with densely-wooded heights. On the west side, the Oregon Central, and on the east side, the California and Oregon Railroad, pass from the southern to the northern portion of the city, where the ferryboat conveys the articles of commerce backward and forward between the depots of the two roads, as also does another in the center of the city, transport the articles of traffic of the two divisions of the city over the Willamet.

East Portland owes its youthful existence mainly to the Oregon and California Railroad, which has its depot there, and it numbers only about two hundred widely-scattered houses. Little Portland, in the spirit of its illustrious sister, it is still not called. What an island what can I yet become? The city has been laid out on an extensive scale, and there is by no means any want of room.

On the west side of the river, in Portland proper, the two streets next to the wharf, about a mile in length, are thickly built up with large warehouses, and stately business places and commercial buildings of every description. Then follow very respectable, yea, ornamental private dwellings, for the most part, surrounded with large fruit and flower gardens, until last of all, human abodes of every variety of form, extend further and farther, between vegetable gardens and pasture fields, securely enclosed with rails made from forest trees.

The buildings in the whole city, almost without exception, are constructed of wood, and the streets and the sidewalks are paved with the same material. The public institutions, the common schools, the market house, the postoffice, the court house and the custom house, are all very respectable and tasteful buildings. So also are the Episcopal Cathedral, the Congregational, Presbyterian and Methodist churches.

As regards the population, it may be estimated, according to common consent, and the appearance of the city, at from ten to twelve thousand; and no seaport in the world, not even San Francisco itself, presents a greater variety in this respect. Here also are found many Chinese. The Germans are quite numerous; about the half, however, are Jews. One feels himself at home and unnoticed here, as in Lancaster, Reading or Allentown. The four English churches named above, are, as I have myself seen, well attended, in the evening also. The Jews likewise have two congregations already. There are also a large Roman Catholic and Baptist church. The Protestant Germans have a very energetic benevolent association, and a largely attended school with a German teacher and an English female teacher. Several movements have been inaugurated in church matters, with which I shall meddle as little as possible, and with respect to which I will not here pass judgment. The result, however, has been, that some have connected themselves with the English churches; whilst the most of them have resolved to have nothing further to do with church affairs.

Portland in Oregon, is indisputably a peculiarly remarkable city. We enjoy here the modern conveniences of larger cities; gas-light, water works, horse railroads, &c., with the invigorating view of evergreen pine groves. Pianos and Cabinet organs are found in almost every third house, and we have also music from brass instruments in the market-place and on the streets, together with the melodious sound of the bells of cows pasturing in the dusk of the evening, so that one imagines himself to be seated in a herdsman's tent on the Alps of Switzerland. We have here also a variegated admixture of the strangest races of men, and yet withal a most cordial visit of welcome is extended by the most respectable citizens, to the family of a new-comer. From my study I have a view of a long row of shipping mats, decorated with the flags of foreign nations, and at the same time, of the seventeen thousand feet high Hood mountain, covered with snow, to reach the top of which, one imagines, would require only a pleasure walk. Where else is all this variety to be found grouped together?

Here we have now lived already full four weeks. The first two days we were obliged to spend at the hotel. Then occurred a vast amount of walking and planning, to secure a dwelling and the necessary household furniture, as also a place in which to hold divine worship. Soon we found a suitable dwelling; only the rent did not suit us. It was much higher than we expected. Still we were obliged to take it, and so moved into a comfortable house. The younger children were entered at the public schools, and the elder ones help their mother until they themselves can find some employment at teaching. To our comfort, we found here some of the means of living, such as flour, meat, milk, vegetables and fruit, cheaper, but, to our regret, such things as all kinds of manufactures, groceries and household furniture, dearer than in Philadelphia. In connection with the necessary purchases, many a sigh escaped us, which we remembered how we had to sacrifice our numerous household articles in Philadelphia. It does not require two such removals, to make them equal, in an economical view, to one fire.

So we feel that we are at the right place. Evidently there is here need of our labors. It is true, at my first visit, I met with but little encouragement. The history of the German church affairs hitherto in this city was told me again and again. "Seven or eight years ago," it was said, "it would have been better. But now confidence is gone. I wish you success, but it will be difficult to attain it."

Happily, we soon found a suitable church building, unoccupied, which was conditionally opened to us for two months, and in which on the last Sunday in September, to our agreeable surprise, a congregation of seventy-five persons assembled. "Now this is the result of curiosity," it was whispered. "They will come once or twice, and then that will be the end of it." With heartfelt gratitude to God, however, we can report, that, thus far, along with the favorable weather we have enjoyed, the interest in our religious services has been increased. The voice of the people generally is hopeful, and to all appearances, we may expect with the commencement of the church year, to organize the first Reformed Church in Oregon. God grant this!

In the church as it is, however, we cannot remain over winter. It cannot be heated. In this direction, action must soon be taken, and also will urge on an organization and then lend to further activity. With respect to this we will write more fully at the proper time. In the meantime, we pray: "Unto Thee lift I up mine eyes, O Thou that dwellest in the heavens. Behold, as the eyes of servants look unto the hands of their masters, and as the eyes of a maiden unto the hand of her mistress, so our eyes wait upon the Lord our God." (Psalm 123.)

JOHN GANTENBEIN.

PORTLAND, Oct. 16, 1874.

MERCANTILE INTEGRITY.—In 1849, Mr. James F. Stuart, of Newburyport, Mass., went to San Francisco, Cal., and embarked in business, and was very successful till the great fire of 1852, when he lost every thing. He came East, and calling a meeting of his creditors, stated his case, and proposed a discharge. The creditors were pleased with his appearance, and not only gave him a full discharge, but furnished him with new stocks of goods. In less than six months he was able to pay off all his old and his new indebtedness. In 1853 he entered into a land speculation which absorbed all his business capital and crippled his resources. He made a full statement to his creditors, and promised if he was ever successful he would pay up all. That time has arrived, and within a short time he has remitted the principal and interest of his indebtedness in gold.

The very finest photographs are now taken at the new firm of Shuster & Demile, who have just refitted their rooms, corner of First and Yamhill.

KANSAS SUFFERERS.

Appeals to the charitable and humane all over the broad land continue to be made in behalf of the suffering families of Nebraska and Kansas, who have lost all from the grasshopper plague. While the San Francisco *Chronicle* says of that city and the State of California is applicable, in a great measure, to Portland and Oregon. That paper of February 14th says:

In our great prosperity, in the midst of unbounded plenty, with our granaries overburdened with the proceeds of an abundant harvest, with plenteous rains giving promise of splendid crops, with mineral discoveries that astonish us by the extent and richness of their development—enjoying a delightful climate—are we not forgetting our duty to the suffering, starving poor who are now in destitution and hunger fighting an inclement winter in Kansas and Nebraska? A wide breadth of farming lands has been visited by the grasshopper plague, and thousands of persons have been deprived of every means of support, and, unless reports are greatly exaggerated, are now suffering from actual starvation. It is a shame and reproach to our city that while at the East charity has organized itself to aid these sufferers, we of California have done nothing. It is not that our people are lacking in humanity and generosity, but we are so immersed in money-getting, so actually absorbed in business, that we have not heeded as we ought, the cry that comes to us from across the Sierras and the Rocky Mountains. In the enjoyment of our warm, sunny days, we do not sufficiently appreciate how horrible a thing is the cold, piercing wind that sweeps across the Northwestern prairies. Hundreds of families are deprived of the essentials of bread, clothing and fuel; the farmers of our sister States, with their wives and children, are starving and freezing, while from our over-abundance we might relieve them.

In response to these long appeals thus made in behalf of the suffering, the people of San Francisco and California have responded nobly. Already money and clothing to the amount of $9,000 have been donated and forwarded to those States where destitution prevails to such a terrible extremity. Portland, in the meantime, has not been altogether idle, but she has not contributed of her abundance and prosperity as liberally as she might. Clothing and money have been donated and forwarded to their destination, free of charge, through the generosity of Wells, Fargo & Co.'s express; but the amounts thus far contributed have been limited and not commensurate with our wealth and population. As yet there has been no concerted action in relation to this matter of charity among those of our wealthy business men. We would suggest that some prompt, decided steps be taken at once. Donations, however small, either of money or clothing, will be thankfully received and forwarded without delay, to those who are suffering for food and clothing. Colonel Dudley Evans, of Wells, Fargo & Co.'s express in this city, informs us that connection has been effected by the company with all portions of the State; so that money or clothing contributed in any part of the State will reach the proper destination in the shortest possible time. Now is the time to act, for now charity is most needed.

Those who suffer from nervous irritation, itching, uneasiness, and the discomfort that follows from an enfeebled and disordered state of the system, should take AYER'S SARSAPARILLA, and cleanse the blood. Purge out the lurking disorder that undermines the health, and the constitutional vigor will return.

FATAL INFATUATION.

Do not, as you value life, entertain the idea that a cough is not a cough equal to all others which requires but little attention. This species of infatuation is fatal to thousands. A cough is the *first menace of consumption*, remember that. Annihilate the danger by extinguishing the consumption. The means await you at every drug store. HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR will in every instance effect a perfect cure of the threatening ailment without causing nausea for it is pleasant to the palate as well as infallible.

PIKE'S TOOTH-ACHE DROPS.—Cure in one minute.

Assisting Nature.

It is of no use attempting to force nature. She won't stand it, and rebels. She must be coaxed, as it were, not driven. For instance, in attempting to overcome constipation or indigestion, violent, or what physicians call, by way of euphony, "heroic" treatment, is sure to defeat the purpose in view which is, or should be, to permanently remedy the evil. The use of drastic cathartics, especially by the habitual, for, although they temporarily overcome costiveness, yet the intestines are so weakened and inflamed by them as to be rendered unfit to perform the elective function properly. How much better to assist nature in such a case with such a mild and salutary agent as Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which strengthens at the same time that they relieve the bowels. Not only is this result achieved by their use, but the activity of the torpid liver is restored, the stomach invigorated, and the entire system greatly benefited.

Arrival and Departure of Mails at the Portland Post Office.

Eastern and California through mail arrives daily at 4:10 p. m. Closes at 6:30 a. m.

Way-mail going south on the East Side R. R. for Oregon and Northern California arrives daily at 4:10 p. m. Closes at 6:30 a. m.

West Side R. R. for Hillsboro and Forest Grove, arrives daily at 6 p. m. Closes at 7:45 a. m.

The Dalles and Eastern Oregon, Washington Territory and Idaho, arrives daily (Sundays excepted) between 8 and 8:30 p. m. Closes at 9 p. m.

Kalama, Olympia, St. Helens, Cadwallader, Astoria, arrives daily (Sundays excepted) at about 6 p. m. Closes at 9 a. m.

Sauvie's Island, Mount Coffin, Shemokeawa, Cathlamet, Eagle Cliff, Oak Point, leaves Monday, Wednesday and Friday; arrives Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday between 5 and 6 p. m. Closes at 6:30 a. m.

Scappoose, Westport, Columbia City, Willamette Slough, leaves Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday; arrives Monday, Wednesday and Friday at about 6 p. m. Closes at 6:30 a. m.

Knappa, leaves Thursday; arrives Friday, about 6 p. m. Closes at 6:30 a. m.

Lafayette, via Dundee, Middleton and Newburg, leaves Friday at 6 a. m.; arrives Saturday 7 p. m.

Salem, via Damascus, Eagle Creek, Cutting's Ville, Butte Creek and Stayton, leaves Friday at 6 a. m.; arrives Wednesday at 5 p. m. Closes 7 p. m.

Scholl's Ferry, leaves Saturday; arrives Monday at 10 a. m. Closes at 10 a. m.

White Salmon, W. T., leaves Saturday; arrives Monday at 4 p. m.

Sitka, Alaska, once a month.

San Francisco, Cal., by steamer, tri-monthly.

Hood River and Shell Rock (Oregon) leave Saturday at 5 A. M.; arrive Monday evening.

Coos Bay mails arrive Tuesday, Friday, and going connect at Roseburg Monday and Thursday.

AGENTS FOR THE OREGONIAN.

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T. Johnson.....Golden Gate
E. G. Hamilton.....Kalama
M. P. Callender.....Knappa
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Shipley & Hinkle.....Pilot Rock
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Jas. Lester.....Scottsburg
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C. P. Tracy.....Yamhill

Idaho.

Loewenberg Bros.....Lewiston

Washington Territory.

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.....New Tacoma
.....Port Townsend
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.....Seattle
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J. Meeker.....Pioneer
R. M. Wellburn.....
Kimball & Day.....Walla Walla
W. N. Smith.....Watsburg
Jos. Schramm.....Yakima

YACOUVER ITEMS.

The improvement of Main street goes on gradually.

Geese are plenty on the Columbia bottoms and sportsmen are jubilant.

Our merchants are replenishing their stocks, and the *Vancouver* comes loaded with goods every evening.

Chaplain Van Horn is suffering from an attack of rheumatism, more painful than dangerous. On account of his illness, services at the garrison have been omitted for the last two Sundays.

The Columbia has been released from its icy fetters once more and navigation is resumed. On Monday morning the *Vancouver* put in an appearance much to the pleasure and satisfaction of our people. On Tuesday morning the *Oneonta* awakened us by its brilliant notes, bringing the OREGONIAN in time to be served for breakfast. On the same day the Granger boat resumed its trips to the Washougal. Business begins to liven up again.

On Friday evening last a drunken soldier attacked a small boy and beat him severely, and, it is thought, would have killed him had he not been taken off by Mr. James Hartney, who was at the time passing. The soldier thus interfered with, turned upon Mr. Hartney with the ferocity of a madman, and gave him a terrible tussel before assistance arrived to relieve him. In the melee Mr. Hartney was badly bruised and had one of his fingers severely bitten.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

CLARENDON HOTEL.

J. Belcher & wf, San Francisco
J. Bailey, do
Chas. Webman, do
James D. Atkinson, do
Wm. Sweet, do
Henry E. Dennis, Toledo
R. A. Jamison, Ohio
Robert J. Ross, Colorado
Geo. W. McCarty, Minneapolis
F. Hedges, Santa Barbara
Geo. W. Norris, do
J. Hawver, California
F. W. Dickel, Coos Bay

OCCIDENTAL HOTEL.

Miss J. Patton, Dalles
J. W. Haley, do
W. S. Worsley, do
John Baxter, do
Mrs. Burton, do
Mrs. Dr. Olympia
Mrs. Tozier & daughter, Hillsboro

NATIONAL HOTEL.

—Ramsby, Silverton
Thos. H. Turner, Yamhill
H. W. Perry, do
S. A. Miller, St. Helens
Thos. Smith, Rainier
J. S. Hill, Dayton
W. Vanschuyver, county
Mrs. H. L. Caples, Lewis River
J. F. Mack, Jr., Hillsboro
C. Kistinger, Salem
W. F. Lowe, Nehalem
Henry Catlin, Jones Hill
Mrs. Lawson, Weaverville
J. C. Powers, Forest Grove
Wm. Sullivan, do
J. Calender, Shaver's Ranch
C. Chatsworth, do
L. Chapin, Oakland
N. D. Raymond, Clatsop
Miss Staples, Maine
J. Colvin, Fenton
P. A. Spicer, Michigan
Chas. Kelin, San Francisco
C. E. Smith, W. T.
J. C. Chamberlin, Dilley's

NATIONAL HOTEL—Continued.

Mrs. Coulter, Salem
Mrs. Staples, Fulton
G. Gundlach, Canyon City
Mrs. C. A. Lake & child, Dall

The Daily Oregonian.

FRIDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 26, 1875.

TWENTY YEARS OF CORN.

A REMINISCENT OF THE EARLY USE OF ANTHRACITE COAL.

A local correspondent of the Pittsburg (Penn.) *Commercial* writes: "Anthracite coal was discovered in Pennsylvania soon after the settlement of the Wyoming Valley, but its first practical use was by Obediah Gore in his blacksmith shop in the year 1768. In 1791 Philip Ginter discovered anthracite on the Lehigh. In 1802 Robert Morris, of Philadelphia, formed a company and purchased 5,000 acres of the property on which Ginter discovered the coal. The coal company was called 'The Lehigh Coal Mine.' This company opened the mine and found the vein to be fifty feet thick, and of the very best quality of coal. The company made every effort to secure a demand for the coal, but without success, and having become thoroughly disgusted with their speculation, leased the 5,000 acres of the mammoth coal field to Messrs. White & Hazard, of Philadelphia, for twenty years, at an annual rental of one car of coal. Messrs. White & Hazard tried to use the coal in the blast furnace in 1826, but failed; the furnaces chilled. In 1831 Nelson conceived the idea of the hot blast for saving fuel, and in 1833 the hot blast for saving fuel, and in 1833 David Thomas adopted the idea of the hot blast and anthracite together. White & Hazard had, previous to this, formed a company and bought the property. In 1839 David Thomas made the use of anthracite for making pig metal a success, by which the twenty cars of corn were transferred into $20,000,000. And this is the early history of the great Lehigh Coal Mines of the present day. I remember well the banquet given by Burd Patterson and Nicholas Biddle, at Mount Carbon, in 1840, at which time they paid William Lyman, proprietor of the Pioneer Furnace, $5,000, the premium they had offered for the first successful use of anthracite coal as fuel in the blast furnace. But David Thomas was the lion of the day. It was he who showed them how to do it, and he who showed them how to do it, and hale and hearty to-day, as then, he stands a worthy representative of science. Long may he live, and peaceful be his death, and may the memory of his deeds never be forgotten by Pennsylvania. He is a master mechanic, and I should be pleased to see the Chair of Metallurgy in the Mechanics' High School of Pennsylvania marked Thomas."

PAINFUL WALKING FOR A WAGER.

The Springfield (Mass.) *Republican* thinks that if there is one occupation more wickedly foolish than another, it is that of the professional walker, as shown on the stage of Goodrich Hall, in Pittsfield, last week. Waters, it says, literally dragged out his apparently useless existence, during the last two or three days of his 100 hours' walk without rest, hitting his tired and swollen feet with such difficulty and exhibition of pain that it seemed to the bystanders as if he were pulling up a hundred pounds with each effort. During the day Saturday, he frequently became crazy, and once he leaped the ropes on the edge of the stage, and rushed about the room as though his limbs were as well and pliant as ever. He was seized by one of his trainers, who was very fearful that he would throw his ankles out of joint, and, being placed on the stage again, he soon came to his senses. He kept in good spirits when rational, but expressed himself as being in great agony. The pain he endured in his feet every time his weight came upon them he declared was worse than the most violent toothache. If the most desperate criminals in our prisons were obliged to perform this feat as a punishment it would stir the sympathies of every heart in the land, and it is a question whether a man ought to be allowed to do it voluntarily. If it is true, as Waters said, that the was walking on a wager of $500 with a private citizen of Pittsfield, that private citizen of Pittsfield is out of pocket, for the young man traveled it out and finished his 100 hours Saturday night at 11 o'clock, having been steadily on foot since Tuesday evening at seven, amid the cheers of the crowd gathered in the hall to witness the close of the performance. As soon as he had finished he was treated in the usual way; being taken to his room, he was thoroughly rubbed and put to bed near a hot fire. After sleeping fifteen minutes, he was awakened by main force, rubbed again, and allowed to sleep half an hour. The process was continued, giving him a quarter of an hour more sleep each time until all danger was passed. He had not slept a minute during the previous four days and nights.

A COLORADO JURY.—Two of the witnesses gave testimony in such a manner as to cast severe reflections upon each other's veracity. After they had given their evidence they adjourned outside, and, after a lively dispute, concluded that the best way to establish their several claims to truth would be to fight the matter out in good, old-fashioned, rough-and-tumble style. So at it they went, and just as H. G. Thatcher was addressing the jury, somebody yelled "fight," and out ran the constable and jurors, despite the remonstrances of the Court and attorney—the latter having just arrived from the States, being decidedly astonished at the abrupt departure of those "peers," upon whom he had been lavishing the flowers of rhetoric. The scene outside the Court House was a curious one. One of the pugilists—the one on top—was a friend of Constable Joe Cox, and that worthy would call out: "I command the peace!" and then, stooping down, he would say to his friend in a low tone: "Give him h—ll." This state of affairs continued for some time, until finally Joe's friend was turned by his antagonist; and then it occurred to Joseph that he ought to put an end to this outrageous violation of the dignity of the Court, and the peace and quiet of the community. Accordingly, he called on George Chapman, who was standing by, to part the combatants, which George proceeded to do, though several of the jury were so disgusted at the abrupt termination of the fun that they pulled off their coats and threatened to thrash him for his efforts in discharging his duty as a citizen.—*Pueblo Chieftain.*

THE ANTI-TOBACCO TRASK.—The Springfield (Mass.) *Union* relates this suggestive incident: "A few years ago, as a car was filled with ministerial and lay delegates who was on its way to a religious convention, Rev. George Trask stepped into the front end of the car with a pile of his tracts in his hands, and glancing his eye down the churchly-looking seats with a rather triumphant air, began distributing his documents to the company. The first one was taken by a slightly waggish parson, who, reading at once its subject, bluntly asked Mr. Trask why he hadn't turned the other way into the smoking car; the next ahead, where he would find a much more missionary field. It was amusing to see the look of mingled appreciation of the joke and of punctured self-esteem which flushed over the good man's face. He paused an instant, cast a glance into the rowdy car, something as a new-comer to a cannibal island might face his first audience, but the case was too clear for doubt. Turning right about with a droll expression of reluctance and rising shock on his countenance, he marched straight in among the smokers and gamblers, and, after a while emerged from the fumes with the most ineffable disgust written all over his countenance, but with empties hands, he set him off quietly down among the ministers with an air which said as plainly as words, 'There—I've gone into Tophet and done my duty, anyhow—you see, don't you?' Yes, we saw it, and also how common it is for good people to do, not the work which is most necessary, but that which is easiest."

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Financial.

THURSDAY EVENING, February 25, 1875.

Gold in New York, 111¾.

Legal Tenders in Portland—buying, 87½; selling, 88.

Legal tenders in San Francisco, 87½; buying, 88 selling.

Sight exchange on San Francisco, commercial, ¼ per cent. discount; currency ½ of 1 per cent. prem.

Sight exchange on New York coin ¼ of one per cent. prem., and currency ½ of one per cent.

Price of Sterling exchange in New York, $4 80@4 83.

Gold bars, 723@750.

Latest Liverpool advices denote a depressed breadstuffs market. Average California wheat is quoted at 8s 10d per central, ex-warehouse; club, 9s 2d@9s 9d, about the lowest point touched in several years. The continental markets have also reported declining. English crop prospects were discouraging in January, but at last dates were somewhat improved.

There are no changes to note in the condition of our local money market. Business of a financial character is not unusually brisk either at the banks or outside. Although the supply of available funds is quite liberal, there is no lively demand, as very few investments are paying sufficiently at present to justify even the reduced rates charged by lenders for the use of money. Loans are occasionally made at 10@12 per cent. per annum on the best securities in large sums, and much capital could be secured at the same rates did the business of the country justify it, but it is claimed that only a few of the enterprises already established are paying more than a small profit on the money that is in them. Merchants, as a rule, and farmers in general, as usual, are not short handed and are making but few calls for accommodations. If we except those who are engaged in moving the grain crops, there are more at present who are either receiving or disbursing largely. A confidence in the future however, is felt, and though there are some clouds in the commercial sky, it is hoped that all will clear away in time.

In trade circles to-day we notice a somewhat active state of affairs, merchants filling orders for all descriptions, and preparing to receive the heavy stocks imported per Oriflamme, Portland and Superior, the cargoes of these three vessels being more than 1,650 tons of importations.

Home Produce Market.

WHEAT—There are quite a number of lots offered in the market, but it is only in rare instances that holders and shippers can agree on terms. When they do, it is at about $1 17½ per central, which price is current on local account and the market is quiet.

The very depressed condition of the foreign markets tends to repress any activity in outside parties, and those who have vessels at hand and in prospect are holding them. The cargoes for all the vessels under engagement, and of hand are secured, and hence transactions are infrequent. We regret that rates are not higher, therefore, to allow shippers who are now freighting the prices abroad justify no more than shippers are now paying. The San Francisco *Rural Press*, the organ of the California grangers, says: "Under the circumstances the tidings of fine weather and splendid crop prospects which reach us, would be received with unmixed gladness as they ought, but the present pitiful spock of cloud overhead casts the brightest and reflective people on the coast to speculate and reflect, in order to know how the great bulk of the next harvest is to be sold. At present there is scarcely a doubt but that the English market will next fall rule low."

FLOUR—There is a fair demand for the local trade and for shipping, but prices have no tendency to appreciate, as the requirements for feed purposes are so closely met by the supplies of spring. Quotations are $5@5 50 per barrel, with an advance of 10@5 cents for extra qualities, as Superfine, etc.

BARLEY—There are but few transactions to note or to fix prices. Quotations include common feed to choice brewing and are furnished at $1 30@1 45, the latter only for the best.

OATS—There is a fair reported active, and prices are still furnished at $2 25@2 50 per ton for middlings, from $1 30@1 40, chop $2 25@2 50, shorts $20, oil cake $30.

HAY—No change in prices since last week: the supply is light, the current demand good: timothy quotable at $12@12 50 per ton.

POTATOES—The supply is liberal for the season, and choice varieties are in fair request at 75@85 cents per bushel; common, 60@65c.

ONIONS—The market is quiet and demand light for shipping. San Francisco seems to be well supplied. We quote choice at 2½@3 ₱ lb.

APPLES—Dull. We quote the few varieties in the market at 35@50 ₱ box.

DRIED APPLES—We quote the markets drooping. In sacks are not favored at, more than 4½@5c ₱ lb; boxes, 6@6½c.

BACON—There are good stocks on hand and sides are quotable at 11@11½c ₱ lb; shoulders, 7½@8½c; hams, 13@16c; sugar cured and fancy trimmed, 2@3c higher; breakfast bacon, 15@16c.

LARD—A good article in legs quotable at 12½@12½ cents ₱ lb. In tins, 13@13½c.

BUTTER—The market is in better supply than last week, and prices have a downward tendency. We quote fresh roll and fancy print for table use at 30@37½c ₱ lb, lower grades ranging from 20@25c down to 15@17½c.

EGGS—The receipts so far during the week have been very liberal but few shipments to being made, and with a good local trade, quotations are steady at 20@22½c ₱ dozen.

CHICKENS—Choice lots of full grown are worth $4@5 ₱ dozen; common and mixed, $2@3 75.

LIVE HOGS—Market dull and weak. Receipts are light, the only demand is for the home trade and is not brisk at 6@6½c ₱ lb.

BEEF CATTLE—There have been but few offered of choice lots during the past week, and for such, prices have advanced to 6 cents ₱ lb net on foot: ordinary quotable at 5@5½c.

MUTTON SHEEP—There are very few lots offered, and prices are worth $3 25@3 75 per head, and some at the extreme of $4.

HIDES AND FURS—A duller demand for shipping purposes prevails and receipts are light. We quote for choice dry 10½@12c ₱ lb; green, 6½c; culls, 10@12c; elk, 24@30c; deer, 18@20c; kips, $1@1 50; otter, $2@6; beaver, $5@6 50.

WOOL—Very few transactions are taking place; best grades quotable at 20@25c ₱ lb; common to fair lots, 21@23c.

CONSIGNEES

The following are the consignees and number of packages in each of the cargoes of the steamer Oriflamme from San Francisco: A & L, 484 (Triangle & B); A Ferrara, 8; A F Smith & Co, 3; A Blanchard & Co, 27; A H & Co, 35; Anatony, 11; B B & Co, 3; B F Allen, Salem, 1; B & Co, 1; Bruce & Co, 1; Bros, Salem, 8; C & M, 389; C H W & Co, 6; C S Schenck, 64; Cox & Belt, Salem, 15; government freight, 1,003; C H M, 65; C Hainsmith, 2; Clarke & Cruis, Salem, 1; C A Cornwall, 1; Cutting & Co, 1; C & Co, 27; C D Snyder, 14; C H & Co, 1; D & Co, 79; D D Tilton, 1; D H Lyons, Canyonville, 3; D S, Mrs Farg-ley, 5; Dan Holton, 1; E & W Jackson, 1; E Holman, Salem, 1; Geo A Hess, Oregon City, 1; H D, 31; H C & Co, 118; Hacheney & Stemmo, 50; H C S: Roseburg, 6; H R & Co, 15; H W Cornwills, 5; H & K, 2; H F, 59; H D Hogue, Salem, 2; H W, 4; A F Powers, Imperial Mills, Oregon City, 8; James E Penny, 2; J F Burns, Salem, 1; J A Jaimes Corvallis, 1; J D Biles, 1; J H Bozel, Corvallis, 1; J F Henry, 1; J H Sampson, St Joe, 1; John Poor, 1; Kronteff & Co, 50; J K Gill & Co, 12; J C Conkle, 11; J G, Albany, 18; John Clerk, 1; Jacobs Bros & Co, 20; J B, 23; J R B, 55; Jas Laidlaw, 6; J T & Son, Hay, 1; J O Holmes, Salem, 1; J M, Oakland, 3; J B S, Oakland, 2; James Gibson, 8; J W H Junction, 2; J R F, 6; J Joseph, Albany, 1; Jos Bernard, Salem, 5; J S M, Oregon City, 3; J A Sterling, Oakland, 1; J Cox, Albany, 1; J H Moore, Oregon, 1; J F, 2; J W Gilbert, Salem, 1; J F J & Co, 6; J D Holman, 1; J W Strong, 1; J M, Albany, 1; J A S, 4; K Bis & Co, 35; K Bros, 6; L W & Co, 438; L Bros & Co, 174; L & Co, 1; L P White, Salem, 2; L J Smith, 3; L Lindlee, 1; M Gray, 4; M F & B, 5; M J G, 30; M L Smith, Salem, 2; M J R, Salem, 3; M M L, 3; M & Co, Or City, 2; M C, Albany, 30; M & T, 23; M Bros & Co, 9; O N T & S, Eugene, 1; O & Co, Corvallis, 1; O A L, 1; O S & Co, 36; O & N T, 7; O C & M, 12; P M, 1; P G Corvallis, 3; P L & Co, 7; P S, 3; P, Albany, 3; H C L, 13; Q W N, 3; R J Walker, 1; R C, Myrtle Creek, 1; R Kelly, 1; R H Nicholson, Albany, 1; Reed Bros, commercial, 1; R & C, Eugene, 1; R H T, Monmouth, 1; R E W, Hillsboro, 8; Sawler & Co, 6; S L Stone, 2; S & B, 11; S E P, Albany, 2; S R & Co, Eugene, 1; Shrader Bros, Lafayette, 1; S G Reed, 2; Sherlock, C; S D & Co, Harrisburg, 19; S H T, Corvallis, 6; S Schloss, 1; S F, Salem, 1; S N & Co, Oregon City, 4; S M Barr, 2; Smith Bros, 8; T P, 1; T C, 11; T H Miller, 1; The Dalles Mill, 18; The Dalles, 1; Thos Connell St Joe, 1; T W M, Dallas, 27; V S, 36; W & Co, 120; W & M, 16; W S Ladd, 3; W Tockmeier, 9; W H, Preston, Eugene, 4; W G Bruen, 1; W Wonder, 1; W H, Hillsboro, 1; Wm Bros, 2; Sherlock Bros, Lafayette, 1; W & Co, 2; W A Hall, 1; W Currier & Co, 3; W A Hall, 1; W Salem, 3; W Freidlander, 5; W & E, Albany, 2; W & G, Salem, 2; W G Noon, 7; W H R, McMinnville, 1; W L E, 10; Willross, Dalles, 1; W F & Co, 11; Fort Wrangel, 4; Mill Y, 13; M & Co, 1.

San Francisco Markets.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 25.—Flour—Extra, $5 50@12½; Wheat—Shipping, $1 56@1 52½; fillers, $1 53. Barley—Feed, $1 05@1 10; brewing, $1 20@1 25. Oats—Good feed $1 80; extremes, $1 65@2 70. Rye—Good, $1 2½. Corn—Choice Southern yellow $1 50. Hay—$18@19. Potatoes—Best, $1 85@ 90. Onions—Goal, $1 50. Provisions—Prime pork, $16; mess, $25; clear, $17 25; extra clear, $22 50; mess beef, $20; smoked hams, 14½@15c; California bacon, 12½@13c; Cal. shoulders, 9c; Eastern hams, 13@14½c; Cal & Eastern lard, 12½@12c.

IMPORTS.

Per barkentine Portland from San Francisco—R D Hume, 34 pkgs machinery; T A Davis & Co., 477 pkgs drugs, Goldsmith & Bowenburg, 349 pkgs glassware; Walter Bros, 195 rolls carpets, 5 cases and drawers; Walter Bros, 195 rolls carpets, matting, etc; Wilhickson, 109 cases crockery and glassware; M Seller, 111 doz H P Smith, 10 bbls, cement and 100 bbls lime; Chung Lung, 200 mats rice, walk and agents in front of Lot 6, Block No. 50; Provided that the cost thereof shall not exceed seventy-five dollars.

Passed the Common Council February 17, 1875.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Approved February 19, 1875.

HENRY FAILING,
Mayor.

Ordinance No. 1605.

AN ORDINANCE MAKING APPROPRIATIONS for the payment of the Fire Department Fund.

The City of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. The following sums are hereby appropriated out of the Fire Department Fund to the several objects hereinafter named, to be expended under the provisions of Ordinance No. 1604, and in no other manner as the Common Council may by ordinance direct:

For the construction of cisterns and connecting cisterns with water leads, twenty-five hundred dollars.

For repairs to cisterns and cistern tops, five hundred dollars.

For the erection and repairs of fire hydrants, two hundred dollars.

For repairs to engine houses, six hundred dollars.

For repairs to engines and fire apparatus and for all necessary supplies to the Fire Department, one thousand dollars.

For the purchase of hose and couplings, fifteen hundred dollars.

For the purchase of two hose carriages, four hundred dollars.

Section 2. The unexpended balances of all appropriations made out of the Current Expense Fund for Fire Department, one thousand dollars.

Passed the Common Council February 17, 1875.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Approved February 19, 1875.

HENRY FAILING,
Mayor.

Ordinance No. 1610.

AN ORDINANCE AUTHORIZING THE PURchase and erection of an Automatic System of Telegraphic Fire Alarm.

The City of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. That the Committee on Fire and Water be and are hereby authorized to contract for the purchase and erection of Engine House Signal Boxes, Engine House Gongs, Bell-Ringing Apparatus and such other appurtenances as shall be required to establish a system of Automatic Telegraphic Fire Alarm; *provided*, that the cost of Signal Boxes, Gongs and one Bell-Ringing alarm bell and that the present Fire Alarm Bell ringing the same shall not exceed the sum of seventy-five hundred dollars.

Passed the Common Council February 17, 1875.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Approved February 19, 1875.

HENRY FAILING,
Mayor.

Ordinance No. 1601.

AN ORDINANCE TO PROVIDE FOR THE TIME and manner of improving the East half of Front street between Morrison and Salmon streets.

The City of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. The Committee on Fire and Water are hereby authorized to contract for the improvement of that part of the East half of Front street lying between the centers of Morrison and Salmon streets, and to be completed as hereinafter provided on or before the first day of March, 1875.

Section 2. That portion of the street on which the sidewalk is to be laid shall be decked of plank or other substitutions sidewalks of the property holders and grantees of the Portland Mill Company, not required by the owners of the adjacent property within three days after notice; they shall be removed by and become the property of the contractor.

Section 3. The improvement shall consist of laying sidewalks twelve feet in width with suitable foundations according to a plan on file in the Auditor's office, marked "A," for constructing sidewalks on the East side of Front street.

Section 4. The work to be done and material furnished shall correspond with the provisions of and under the restrictions contained in Section 12 of Ordinance No. 1603 entitled "an Ordinance in relation to the improvement of streets."

Section 5. The contractor shall take entire charge of the work during its progress, and shall be responsible for any loss or accident resulting from carelessness or neglect.

Section 6. The Committee on Streets and Public Property are hereby authorized to advertise for receive proposals and enter into contract with the lowest responsible bidder or bidders for the improvement specified in this Ordinance.

Section 7. The improvement shall be completed to the satisfaction of the Committee on Streets and Public Property and Superintendent of Streets.

Passed the Common Council February 2, 1875.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Approved February 3, 1875.

HENRY FAILING,
Mayor.

Ordinance No. 1599.

AN ORDINANCE MAKING APPROPRIATIONS out of the General Fund for the payment of Salaries and current expenses.

The City of Portland does ordain as follows:

Section 1. That the following sums are hereby appropriated out of the General Fund to the several objects hereinafter named, to be expended under the provisions of Ordinance Nos. 1, 4 and 1601, or in such other manner as the Common Council may by Ordinance provide, viz:

For Salaries of Officers—Police Judge, eighteen hundred dollars; City Attorney, twenty-four hundred dollars; Treasurer, twelve hundred dollars; Auditor and Clerk, twenty-one hundred dollars; Superintendent of Streets, fifteen hundred dollars; Surveyor, eighteen hundred dollars.

For City Engineer and other assistants to the City Surveyor, and incidental expenses of the street department, twelve hundred dollars.

For street monuments, brass and covers, fifty dollars.

For the improvement of streets in front of public property, six hundred dollars.

For grading, curbing and other repairs and improvements to the public grounds, one thousand dollars.

For repairs to sewers and ditches, clearing streets of rubbish, one hundred and fifty dollars.

For repairs of public property and the removal of nuisances, two hundred and fifty dollars.

For purchase of property adjacent to D street as per Ordinance No. 1590, five hundred and twenty-seven dollars and fifty cents.

For completion of work in and about Engine House No. 2, eight hundred and fifty dollars.

For contingencies of Police Building, including light, fuel, furniture, repairs and incidentals, nine hundred dollars.

For board of prisoners in City Jail, twenty five hundred dollars.

For killing and burying dogs, one hundred dollars.

For the prevention and suppression of infectious and contagious diseases as provided by Ordinance No. 1538, five hundred dollars.

For expenses of Council, Clerks and offices adjacent, including rent, fuel, light, furniture repairs and incidental expenses, seventeen hundred dollars.

For stationery and printing, seven hundred dollars.

For advertising, four hundred dollars.

For clerk hire, two hundred dollars.

For postage, express charges and miscellaneous expenses, not otherwise provided for, one hundred dollars.

For expenses of Election, sixty dollars.

For salaries, July 4, one hundred and fifty dollars.

For contingencies of litigation, payment of witnesses, costs, and additional counsel, five hundred dollars.

For pay of Assessor, one thousand dollars.

Section 2. The unexpended balances of all appropriations made out of the General Fund by Ordinances dated prior to Jan. 1, 1875, are hereby cancelled and returned to said Fund.

Passed the Common Council February 2, 1875.

W. S. CALDWELL,
Auditor and Clerk.

Approved February 3, 1875.

HENRY FAILING,
Mayor.

WINDOW GLASS.

350 BOXES,

AT COST OF IMPORTATION

FROM ENGLAND.

Sizes from 8x10 to 28x40.

IN LOTS TO SUIT.

FOR SALE BY

GEO. L. STORY,

PORTLAND.

Orders can be left with M. CRAWFORD, at KILBOURN'S AUCTION HOUSE.

SEEDS! SEEDS! SEEDS!

Field, Flower & Garden Seeds.

NEW STOCK JUST RECEIVED.

FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TREES.

Of all descriptions.

WHALE OIL and CARBOLIC SOAP for destroying insects. Also, Trellises, Flower pots, stands, etc.

Send for Catalogue.

HACHENEY & STEMME, Grocers,

First and Taylor st., Portland, Or.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the District of Oregon.—Notice of Assignee of his appointment.

At the city of Portland, the 9th day of February, A. D. 1875, the undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of A. Friedman, of Portland, in the county of Multnomah and State of Oregon, within said District, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition.

JOSEPH DACHMAN,
Assignee.

fe26d3t

MARKETS.

EUREKA MARKET.

EDDY & DAVIS,

First Street, between Taylor and Salmon,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in all kinds of

Puget Sound and Columbia River Fish,

Oysters, Clams, Poultry, Game,

GENERAL PRODUCE, &C.,

At reasonable prices.

In soliciting public patronage we feel assured that in giving strict attention to business we receive a liberal share of your trade.

Hence on every will be Chicken for Sunday Dinner, Fat Turkey and Mallard and Please give us a call.

REID & VESTAL,

BUTCHERS & PACKERS,

Stalls 8, 9 and 10 Central Market.

SHIPS AND STEAMBOATS SUPPLIED

HOME AGAIN!

J. S. KELLER,

Has returned to the

COR. MADISON AND FIRST STREETS,

Where he will be prepared to supply Fresh

Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal, Etc.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

PORTLAND MARKET.

E. H. GARLING,

Cor. MORRISON and SECOND STREETS,

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND the best of all kinds of MEATS. All orders delivered in any part of the city Free of Charge. LARD, ROSHWURST, BEEF, VEAL AND MUTTON.

CHRIS. SCOTH

INVITES HIS OLD PATRONS AND the public generally to call at his

NEW BUTCHER SHOP

Washington St., one door East of Third.

LIST OF POST-OFFICES.

OREGON.

Baker Co.
Auburn,
Augusta,
Baker City,
Clarkesville,
Dewey Ranch,
Eldorado,
Humboldt Ranch,
Jordan Valley,
Lone Pine,
Rye Valley,
Stone,
Wingville.

Benton.
Alsea Valley,
Bull Creek,
Corvallis,
Lobster Valley,
Little Elk,
Monroe,
Newport,
Nicolai,
Philomath,
Summit,
Toledo,
Yaquina.

Clackamas.
Butte Creek,
Canby,
Clackamas,
Eagle Creek,
Gattingsville,
Damascus,
Eagle Creek,
Estacada,
Harbland,
Molalla,
Milwaukie,
Needy,
Norton.
Oregon City,
Oswego,
Sandy,
Springwater,
Zion,
Mills,

Clatsop.
Astoria,
Clifton,
Cowlitz,
Knappa,
Nehalem,
Skipanon,
Swedish House,
Wesport.

Coos.
Coos Ilver,
Coquille,
Coos City,
Empire City,
Enchanted Prairie,
Fairview,
Harrisville,
Hermanville,
Iowa Slough,
Marshfield,
Mt.
Randolph,
Siltcin,
Umpqua,
Utter City.

Columbia.
Columbia City,
Clatskanie,
Marshland,
Rainier,
St. Helens,
Sauvies Island,
Scappoose.

Curry.
Chetcoe,
Ellensburg,
Port Orford.

Douglas.
Camas Valley,
Cleveland,
Cole's Valley,
N. Canyonville,
Drain,
Elkton,
Gardiner,
Galesburg,
Looking Glass,
Myrtle Creek,
Oakland,
Pass Creek,
Pleasburg.

Grant.
Alvord,
Canyon City,
Camp Watson,
Bayville,
John Day City,
Prairie City,
Rattlesnake,
Summer,

Polk.
Bethel,
Buena Vista,
Dallas,
Independence,
Eola,
Elk Horn,
Grand Ronde,
Independence,
Hillsdale,
Jacksonville,
Lewisville,
Monmouth,
Mayside,
Rickreall,
Zena,

Tillamook.
Garibaldi,
Hobbs,
Nehalem,
Netarts,
Stockton,
Tillamook,
Trask,

Umatilla.
Butter Creek,
Depot,
Furnier,
Meadowville,
Pilot Rock,
Pendleton,
Umatilla,
Weston,

Wasco.
Antelope,
Bridge Creek,
Dead River,
Fulton,
Hitchell,
Mt. Hood,
Oakland,
Schitcoh,
Shaniko,
Smith Springs,
Wasco,
Willoughby

Washington.
Beaverton,
Cedar Mill,
Cornelius,
Dilley,
Forest Grove,
Glencoe,
Hillsboro,
Hillsboro,
Logan,
Middleton,
Middleton Dale,
Peake,
Sholl's Ferry,
Taylor's Ferry,
Tupato,
West Union,

Yamhill.
Amity,
Bellevue,
Carlton,
Dayton,
Lafayette,
McMinnville,
North Yamhill,
Sheridan,
West Chehalem,
Wheatland,
Newberg.

WASHINGTON TERRITORY.

Clallam Co.
Neah Bay,
New Dungines,
Port Angeles.

Clarke.
Battle Ground,
Brush Prairie,
Fourth Plain,
Lewis River,
Pioneer,
Union Ridge,
Vancouver,
Washougal.

Chehalis.
Cedarville,
Chehalis Point,
Elma,
Hoquiam,
Montesano,
Oakville,
Satsop,
Sharon,

Cowlitz.
Castle Rock,
Carrollton,
Cowlitz,
Kalama,
Lower Cowlitz,
Martin's Bluff,
Monticello,
Mt. Coffin,
Oak Point,
Pekin,

Island.
Camperille,
Coveland,
Hastday,

Jefferson.
Port Discovery,
Port Ludlow,
Port Townsend,

King.
Black River,
Duwamish,
Fall City,
Seattle,
Slaughter,
Snoqualmie,
Squak,
White River

Kitsap.
Blakely,
Port Madison,
Port Orchard,
Port Gamble,
Seabeck,

Klickitat.
Block House,
Columbus,
Goldendale,
Klickitat City,
White Salmon.

Lewis.
Bolsfort,
Chehalis,
Claquato,
Little Falls,
Glenolen,
Napavine,
Newaukum,
Skookum Chuck,
Whilock,

Mason.
Arcadia,
Highville,
Harksville,
Sherwood's Mills

Pierce.
Ellis
Franklin,
Lake View,
Puyallup,
Steilacoom,
New Tacoma,
Tacoma.

Pacific.
Brookfield,
Bruceport,
Chinook,
Klipatown,
Oysterville,
Riversside,
Sealand,
Walton,
Woodard Land.

Snohomish.
Lowell,
Mukilteo,
Snohomish,
Tulalip.

Skamania.
Cascades, 1

Thurston.
Beaver,
Miami Prairie,
Olympia,
Perkins,
Tumwater,
Yelm.

Wahkiakum.
Cathlamet,
Eagle Cliff,
Skamokawway,
Waterford.

Walla Walla.
Alpowa,
Dayton,
Patit,
Patton,
Takanum,
Walla Walla,
Walnut,
Whitsburg,
Whitman.

Whatcom.
Chehalis,
Fidalgo,
La Conner,
Lehmhi,
Lopez,
Orcas Island,
Samish,
Semiahmoo,
Ship Harbor,
Sinclair,
Whatcom,
Thomas.

Whitman.
Ewartsville,
Dahoos.

Yakima.
Ahtanum,
Bellingham,
Fort Simcoe,
Goose Creek,
Kittitas,
Mok See,
Nasum,
Pleasant Grove,
Selah,
Yakima.

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Mayside,
Rickreall,
Zena,

Jackson.
Applegate,
Ashland Mills,
Brownsborough,
Central Point,
Drew's Valley,
Eagle Point,
Grant's Pass,
Hot Springs,
Jacksonville,
Lakeport,
Linkville,
Laurel Valley,
Rock Point,
Sam's Valley,
Sprague River,
Table Rock,
Willow Springs,
Yalmax,

Josephine.
Kirby,
Leland,
Merlin,
Meadowville,
Mona,
Pilot Rock,
Pendleton,
Umatilla,
Weston,

Lane.
Butte Disappment,
Big Prairie,
College Grove,
Coast Fork,
CampCreek,
Cartwrights,
Crow,
Eugene City,
Franklin,
Goshen,
Junction,
Lorane,
Mohawk,
Pleasant Hill,
Rattlesnake,
Sisslaw,
Spencer Creek,
Springfield,
Whitmarke Forks

Lake.
Lake River,
Tule Lake.

Linn.
Albany,
Big Prairie,
Brownsville,
Crawfordsville,
Diamond Hill,
Fox Valley,
Grass Ridge,
Waterloo,
Harrisburg,
Jordan,
Lebanon,
Mifflin,
Millsboro,
Sodaville,
Sweethome,
Tangent,

Marion.
Aumsville,
Bunkerville,
Butteville,
Brooks,
Gervais,
Hubbard's,
Jefferson,
Marion,
Monitor,
Newellsville,
Salem,
Silverton,

Multnomah.
East Portland,
Portland,
Powell's Valley,
St Johns,
William's Slough

Umatilla.
Alvord,
Canyon City,
Camp Watson,
Bayville,
John Day City,
Prairie City,
Rattlesnake,
Summer,

Union.
Cove,
Grand City,
La Grande,
North Powder,
Orodell,
Summerville,
Union,
Wallowa.

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Mason.
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Ewartsville,
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Yakima.
Ahtanum,
Bellingham,
Fort Simcoe,
Goose Creek,
Kittitas,
Mok See,
Nasum,
Pleasant Grove,
Selah,
Yakima.

LAW CARDS.

W. L. SIMPSON. GEO. H. WALDO.

SIMPSON & WALDO,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

No. 12 Deknm's Building.

W. L. SIMPSON. P. C. McCOWN. J. A. MACRUM.

JOHNSON, M'COWN & MACRUM,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,

OFFICE IN MONASTERY BRICK,

Above the Original Hotel, First Street,

Portland, Oregon.

W. S. NEWBURY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Has Removed from Holmes' Building to

Rooms 10 and 11 Morrison's Building.

FIRST ST., BETWEEN MORRISON & YAMHILL.

REMOVAL.

A. C. GIBBS. E. G. HUGHES

GIBBS & HUGHES,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,

Office in